San Francisco.

N. W. SPAULDING,

Saw-Smithing & Repairing

ESTABLISHMENT,

17 & 19 Fremont St., between Front and Battery,

SAN FRANCISCO

N. W SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH IN-SERTED IN CIRCULAR SAWS

REPAIRING, in all its branches, such as Gumming, Re-Toothing, Straightening, &c

CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes; also, Cross-cut, Mill, Mulay, Gang, Buck, Butcher, and Hand Saws of all kinds together with a good assortment of Saw Arbours at low-est market rates.

Cast-Steel faced PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING CUTTERS always on hand, or made to order on short notice.

N. B.—Messrs. KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon are my only authorized Agents for Oregon, Washington and Idaho.

Orders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise will be filled at same rates as if sent to me direct.

P. LIESENFELD'S

BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTORY,

871 MARKET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

Sole Agents

ON THE PACIFIC COAST

FOR

PHELAN & COLLENDER'S

NEW DESIGN BEVELED TABLE, patented June 8th, 1869; also, the EUREKA WIRE CUSHION, patented May 21, 1871, and the celebrated Combination Cushion.

On hand, a large assortment of Ivatetle Pigeon Holes and the new patent Bagatelle, called MONITOR, patented Sept. 10, 1872. n2024pm

DR. WONSER'S

INDIAN BLOOD

U.S.A.

BITTERS.

STRIKES AT THE ROOT OF EVERY DISEASE which lies in the Liver and the Blood. Cures PILES, CONSTIPATION, CHRONIC COUGHS, DYS-PEPSIA, FEVER AND AGUE, KIDNEY, ALL BIL-IOUS and BLOOD CHRONIC DISEASES. THEY HAVE NO EQUAL IN CASES OF FEMALE WEAKNESS.

WM. HAWKINS, Agent and Manufacturer, 418 Sacramento street, bet. Sansome and Battery, San Francisco.

For sale everywhere. F. MARTIN & CO., Wholesale Agents, Portland, Oregon.

FOUNDRYMEN, BLACKSMITHS AND CARRIAGE-MAKERS,

SELECTED OLD COMPANY'S LEHIGH COAL, Jackson Creek, Cask and Bulk Cumberland Coal; Hard and Soft PIG IRON.—Being a specialty, the above are selected with great care for interior consumers.

J. R DOYLE,

418 and 420 Pacific street, 420 East Street Wharf, between Jackson and Pacific, San Francisco n2Gdply

L. P. FISHER,

ADVERTISING AGENT,

Rooms 20 & 21 Merchants' Exchange, California st., San Francisco,

SOLICITS ADVERTISEMENTS AND SUBSCRIP-tions for the DAILY AND WEEKLY OREGONIAN and for papers published in California, Oregon and Nevada; Washington, Utah Idaho, Montana, Colorado, Arizona and adjacent Territories; Sandwich Islands, the British Possessions, Mexican Ports, Nicaragua, Panama, Valparaiso, Japan and China; New Zealand and the Australian Colonies, the Atlantic States and Europe.

ADVERTISING

Has created many a new business;
Has enlarged many an old business;
Has revived many a dull business;
Has rescued many a lost business;
Has saved many a failing business;
Has preserved many a large business;
And insures success in any business.

GIRARD'S SECRET.—Stephen Girard used to say in his old age "I have always considered advertising lib-erally and long to be the great medium of success in business, and the prelude to wealth. And I have made it an invariable rule also advertise in dull times as well as the busiest, long experience having taught me that money thus spent is well laid out, as by continually keeping my business before the public it has secured many sales that I otherwise would have lost."

ADVERTISE YOUR BUSINESS.

KEEP YOUR NAME BEFORE THE PUBLIC.

JUDICIOUS ADVERTISING INSURES A FORTUNE.

IF BUSINESS IS DULL, ADVERTISE.

IF BUSINESS IS BRISK, ADVERTISE.

☞ The man who didn't believe in advertising has gone into partnership with the sheriff, and that official does the advertising. jy10dim

New York.

J. M. KEELER & CO.,

93 Liberty St., New York.

OREGON AND N. W. COMMISSION AGENCY

FOR BUYING AND FORWARDING DIRECT, VIA Isthmus, Rail and Cape Horn, with San Francisco connections, all classes and varieties of Merchandize and for sale of Exports from the North-West.

Advances made on approved consignments, and orders respectfully solicited. All orders and business will re-ceive prompt attention.

REFERENCES—New York: N. Y. Nat'l Bank, cor. College Place and Chambers St.; Messrs. A. E. & C. E. Tilton, 96 Liberty street; Messrs. E. L. Boswell & Bros., Bankers, 28 Broad street; Messrs. Bently, Miller & Co., 84 South street. Oregon: Messrs. Ladd & Til-ton, Bankers, Portland; Hon. E. D. Shattuck, Portland; Messrs. Ladd & Bush, Bankers, Salem. A. A. McGuill, Esq., Salem.

TO ADVERTISERS.

ALL PERSONS WHO CONTEMPLATE MAKING contracts with newspapers for the insertions of Advertisements should send to

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.

for a Circular, or inclose 25 cents for their One Hundred Page Pamphlet, containing Lists of 3,000 newspapers and estimates, showing the cost of Advertising, and many useful hints to advertisers, and some account of the experience of men who are known as Successful Advertisers. This firm are proprietors of the American Newspaper Advertising Agency,

41 PARK ROW, N.Y.

and are possessed of unequalled facilities for securing the insertion of Advertisements in all Newspapers and Periodicals at lowest rates. jan1 2m

PORTLAND

Library Association.

ROOMS,

CORNER OF STARK AND FIRST STREETS.

OVER LADD & TILTON'S BANK.

NEARLY 5,000 VOLUMES

AND

OVER 100 PAPERS AND PERIODICALS

Membership Fee to All.

Monthly Dues $1 00—payable Quarterly.

DIRECTORS:

WILLIAM S. LADD, ADDISON C GIBBS,
PHILIP SCHUYLER, Jr. C. H. LEWIS
MATTHEW P. DEADY, M W PECHTIMER,
C. H. WAKEFIELD, H. FAILING,
W. H. BRACKETT, L BLUM

C. H. WAKEFIELD, President.
H. FAILING, Vice President.
P. C. SCHUYLER Jr., Treasurer.
M. W. PECHTIMER, Corresponding Secretary
HENRY A. OXER, Librarian and Rec. Sec.

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

THE CO PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXIST-ING between the undersigned, under the firm name of SMITH & DAVIS, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, S M. SMITH retiring therefrom

The Wholesale Drug Business will be continued at the old stand, 71 Front St., by the remaining partners, Davis & Schuyler, who will pay all liabilities of the late firm; and to whom alone must be paid all moneys due Smith & Davis on notes, book accounts or otherwise excepting only such accounts as are due to the store of the late firm situated at the corner of Ash and First streets, which accounts, together with the business and good will of the old store, become the property of S M SMITH.

SAM'L M SMITH,
T A DAVIS
P C SCHUYLER,
j1ddim w3m

Portland, O., Jan 20, 1873

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS.

HAVING ESTABLISHED OFFICES IN ALL PARTS of Oregon, Washington and Idaho Territories, we are prepared to do a General Express and Freighting business in all its branches

Freight or Packages will be called for in any part of the city (by giving proper notice) and forwarded with despatch to any part of the world, through our own and connecting Expresses, at Greatly Reduced Rates.

COLLECTIONS MADE, and Commissions for Purchase of Goods, &c., &c., will receive prompt attention.

We shall continue to DRAW EXCHANGE as usual on all the principal cities of the United States, the Canadas and Europe, and to Sell TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE when desired. WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Morning Oregonian.

VOL XIII. PORTLAND, OREGON WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 19, 1873. NO 14

The Daily Oregonian.

PUBLISHED BY

THE OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 25 cents a week. Single copies, 10 cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State, $10 per annum in advance; $5 for six months; $3 for three months. Advertising at liberal rates.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily, will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $3 per annum, $2 for six months, and $1 for three months, in advance.

All papers discontinued at the end of the time for which they are paid. Subscribers should renew at least two weeks before the date printed upon the address label.

OFFICE—S E. corner Front and Stark streets

SAN FRANCISCO AGENT—L. P. FISHER, Rooms 20 and 21, Merchants Exchange, California street

Professional Cards.

Removed.

DR. C G HOAGLAND HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE to No 6 Dekum's Building.

Jan 18, 1873.

JNO. S. PILKINGTON M. D.

OCULIST & AURIST.

ROOM 2 DEKUM'S BUILDING, CORNER FIRST AND WASHINGTON STREETS

OFFICE HOURS—10 to 12—2 to 4, and 7 to 8 P M.

DR. MARY A. THOMSON,

PHYSICIAN AND ACCOUCHEUR.

RESIDENCE & OFFICE—Third street, between Salmon and Main, opposite the Public Square. Calls attended to in any part of the City Batteries for sale and instructions given on the use of Electricity as a Remedial Agent

$20 DENTISTRY REDUCED! $20

At my Residence and Office on MAIN St.,

OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE,

BET. FOURTH and FIFTH,

IN ORDER THAT EVERYBODY MAY ENJOY THE comfort and pleasure arising from a PERFECT AD-JUSTED SET OF TEETH, the following prices will be maintained *An Entire Set of Upper Teeth*, $20; *Partial Set of Teeth*, $15; *Extraction of Teeth*, 50c.

REFERENCES—Patrons J. W DODGE.

j17d3m

Law Cards.

CHAS. A. BALL. HALLECK STOTT.

BALL & STOTT,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW

121 FIRST ST.—ROOM NO 3—PORTLAND.

(Opposite the Occidental Hotel.

JOHN B. WALDO,

Attorney-at-Law,

Room 15, Dekum's Building, N. W. corner Washington and First streets. daw

B. D. SHATTUCK. D. KNIGHT

SHATTUCK & KILLIN,

Attorneys-at-Law,

Room 1, DEKUM'S BUILDING, N. W. cor. Washington and First streets.

W. H. EFFINGER,

Attorney-at-Law,

Corbett's Building, First street.

PETER C. KOCH,

Attorney-at-Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC & CONSULAR AGENT,

n23 Room No. 9, Dekum's Building

FRANK L. STOTT

Attorney-at-Law,

EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

GEO. H. DURHAM. H. Y. THOMPSON.

DURHAM & THOMPSON,

Attorneys-at-Law,

109 First St., opposite Occidental Hotel, Portland, Oregon. dawtf

W. B. GILBERT,

Attorney-at-Law,

OFFICE—Room 24, Dekum's Building, Cor. FIRST and WASHINGTON Streets.

CHAS W FARRELL, Attorney at Law. ANDREW HILL, Notary.

PARRISH & HILL,

Searchers of Record, Conveyancers and Collectors,

HAVE A PERFECT ABSTRACT AND INDEX OF the Deeds of Multnomah county, embracing all city and town property, and also outside lands.

Office—Room No. 1, First Floor, Corbett's Block

J. W. WHALLEY. M. W. PECHTIMER, Notary Public.

WHALLEY & PECHTIMER,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS-AT-LAW,

And Solicitors in Bankruptcy.

OFFICE—Odd Fellows Temple, No. 101 First St., Portland Particular attention paid to collections.

F. A. CHENOWETH

Attorney-at-Law,

CORVALLIS, OREGON.

THOMAS J. DRYER,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Office—Front St., bet. Band C.

Business Cards.

T. J. O'BRIEN'S

CIGAR PARLOR,

59 First Street,

ADJOINING THE THEATER.

PITT A. EDDY,

DEALER IN

H. E. ANKENY'S DAIRY PRODUCE,

Stall No. 3.

CENTRAL MARKET.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN BUT-TER, Cheese Lard, Eggs, Etc

PATTERSON & SEMPLE,

General Brokers.

Bonds, Stocks and other Securities Bought and Sold.

COLLECTIONS AND INVESTMENTS MADE FOR parties abroad

Agents for the transaction of all kinds of financial business.

Office—S E. cor STARK and FRONT streets, Portland, Oregon n12 dtf

L. J. THERKELSEN,

Carpenter & Builder,

SHOP—Alder Street, bet Sixth and Seventh RESIDENCE—Corner Seventh and Alder Streets.

ALFRED GOODNOUGH GEO F. TRIBOU.

GOODNOUGH & TRIBOU,

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS,

North First street, between B and C sts.

L. A. GODDARD,

PROPRIETOR OF THE

OREGON

Livery & Hack Stable.

THE FINEST STOCK IN THE CITY,

HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD AND BOARDED AT REASONABLE RATES.

Hacks on Call Day and Night.

Cor. 114 & 116 Second St., cor. Morrison

CHAS. HAUNSTEIN,

Segars and Tobacco!

69 Front St., cor. Stark,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

River Steamers.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S

NOTICE!

BOATS OF THE COMPANY WILL leave Portland as follows

FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A M

FOR KALAMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 2 o'clock P. M

FOR MONTICELLO—Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 6 o'clock A M

FOR ASTORIA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A M

J. C AINSWORTH, President.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

STEAMBOATS.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE THE STEAMBOAT

SENATOR

Will leave Portland Warehouse & Dock Company a Wharf, foot of F street, at 2 o clock P M, Daily (except Sunday) for Oregon City and intermediate places.

Passengers for LAFAYETTE, DAYTON, CHAMPOEG and BUTTEVILLE, will

Take the Cars at Portland at 8:15 A M

On Monday Wednesday and Friday,

connecting at Canemah with the COMPANY'S STEAM-BOATS for the above places.

Passengers will notify Baggage Master at Station, East Portland to check Baggage for CANEMAH

No Freight will be received for shipment after four P. M., during the months of November, December and January For information as to Freight or Passage, ap-ply at the Office, Front and F streets,

J. D. BILES, Agent.

Railroads.

OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. CO.

DAILY TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

As follows:

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	8.15 A.M.	Roseburg	7 15 P.M.
Roseburg	6:15 A. M.	Portland	4:20 P.M.

Freight Trains (with Passengers Cars attached) run daily (Sundays excepted) between

PORTLAND AND JUNCTION

as follows:

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	6 15 A.M.	Junction	8 00 P.M
Junction	6 00 A M	Portland	6 00 P.M.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company

☞ Tickets for sale to all the principal points in Oregon, California and the East at Company's Office.

Cor. F and Front sts., at the Ferry Landing, Portland.

Storage will be charged on all freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

FREIGHT will not be received for shipment after 4 o'clock, P. M. during the months of November, December and January.

H. THIELSEN, Gen' Supt.

J. C. HILDRETH, Asst. Supt.

R P. ROGERS,

Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

OREGON CENTRAL R. R. CO.

WILL, ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, NOV 3d, 1872, run a DAILY

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN

FROM

Portland to St. Joseph,

Connecting with stages at Cornelius for FOREST GROVE, and at St. Joseph for all points south and west—Lafay-ette, McMinnville, Amity, Monmouth, Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	8 00 A M	St. Joseph	11 50 A. M.
St Joseph	1 50 P. M.	Portland	5 00 P M.

FREIGHT received at the Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, and will not be received for ship-ment after 4 o'clock P. M. during the months of Novem-ber, December and January

J. C. HILDRETH, General Sup't.

H A. JEROME, Agent, Portland

THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

NEW

The Great Central Iowa Short Line

OVERLAND ROUTE,

With its Connections East and West, is the

Shortest, Quickest and Best Route

BETWEEN THE

Pacific and Atlantic,

VIA

Des Moines, Rock Island and Chicago.

THE ONLY ROUTE CARRYING THE THROUGH OVERLAND LETTER MAIL! making close and reliable connections at OMAHA with trains arriving from the West by

THE CENTRAL AND UNION PACIFIC RAILROADS, AND AT CHICAGO

With all EAST EXPRESS TRAINS East, North & South.

☞ The most Elegantly Furnished PARLOR SLEEPING CARS ever used on any Railroad are now built, owned, and run by this Co. between Omaha and Chicago

Through Tickets to all points East can be obtained at OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. OFFICE, Portland, Oregon

And at C P. R. R. offices in San Francisco and Sacramento.

☞ Be Sure Your Tickets Read via Rock Island.

A. E. SMITH,

General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

HUGH RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't, Chicago

WM. R. STEELE, Passenger Agent, San Francisco

STAGE LINES.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

COLUMBIA RIVER & PUGET SOUND

STAGE COMPANY.

GEORGE COGGAN, Proprietor.

CONCORD COACHES, FINE STOCK, SKILLED AND CAREFUL DRIVERS

Only Fifteen Miles Staging

QUICKEST, CHEAPEST & BEST ROUTE

To the Sound and Victoria, and

FROM VICTORIA TO PORTLAND & CALIFORNIA!

Fare from Portland to Olympia, $7 50

ONE DOLLAR SAVED BY PURCHASING TICK-ets at O. S N Co's office, Portland. Our agents on trains will take charge of passengers and baggage for our stages, in waiting at Tenino. Passengers from Olym-pia leave daily at 9 A. M (except Sunday), connecting at Tenino with N. P. R. R. for Kalama and Portland.

Stage Office in Olympia at Pacific Hotel.

J. A. ATKINSON, Notary Public. TYLER WOODWARD, Notary Public. D. W. WAKEFIELD.

ATKINSON, WOODWARD & CO.,

Real Estate Agents,

FIRST STREET,

UNDER ORO FINO THEATRE

FARMS & CITY PROPERTY

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Money Loaned

ON APPROVED SECURITY.

Legal Papers Executed!

AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS TAKEN.

HOUSES RENTED AND RENTS COLLECTED!

BURTON & WILLIAMS,

ARCHITECTS & SUPERINTENDENTS

ROOM No. 17,

DEKUM'S BUILDING.

Banks.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF PORTLAND.

DESIGNATED DEPOSITARY AND FINANCIAL AGENT, U. S.

President .... HENRY FAILING.
Cashier .... JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY, subject to check at sight

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities.

SIGHT EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANS-FERS; payable in Coin or Currency, for sale on

NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO,
CHICAGO, ST LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on

LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN, FRANKFORT ON THE MAIN.

Savings! Savings!

FIRST

NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

THIS BANK HAS ESTABLISHED IN CONNECTION with the general Banking business a SAVINGS DE-PARTMENT, and will allow Interest on Coin Deposits made in accordance with the conditions adopted by the Association.

In establishing a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT this Bank-ing Association has in view the benefits to accrue to a class of persons having small sums to loan, by providing a safe plan of deposit, ample security and fair rate of interest, as well as to aggregate and bring into use idle capital.

For the safety of deposits in this Bank are pledged its entire capital and resources, and also the personal liabil-ity of its Directors and Stockholders, as provided by Sec-tion 12 of the National Currency Act, approved June 3, 1864, a greater security than that given by ordinary Sav-ings Banks Printed copies of the conditions upon which deposits are received may be had upon application at the Bank.

HENRY FAILING, President.

JAMES STEEL, Cashier.

Directors:

HENRY FAILING, HENRY W. CORBETT,
L. B. WAKEFIELD, JOSIAH FAILING,
JAMES STEEL

THE BANK

OF

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital.....$1,562,500,

WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO

$10,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE—6 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LEADEN HALL STREET, LONDON.

BRANCHES.

IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.

AGENCIES,

IN NEW YORK, CANADA, SCOTLAND & IRELAND.

Exchange for sale on

England, Ireland, Scotland, New York & Canada.

INTEREST ALLOWED on TIME DEPOSITS at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals.

EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

LADD & TILTON,

BANKERS,

DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCOUNTS KEPT subject to Check or Draft.

INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS or TRUST FUNDS in sums of One Dollar and upwards from Date of Deposit.

MONEY LOANED on approved Security.

BONDS, STOCKS and other valuables received on Deposit for safe keeping.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INVESTMENTS in Real Estate and other property made for parties.

SIGHT and Telegraphic Exchange on San Francisco and the Atlantic States for sale.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES bought and sold.

☞ AGENTS for the transaction of all kinds o Financial and Trust Business.

MASONIC SAVINGS & LOAN BANK

No. 6 Post St., Masonic Temple, San Francisco.

GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $150,000

LEONIDAS E. PRATT, President.

GEO. ROBINS, Secretary. n8d1y

HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL.

CORBETT, FAILING & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

HENRY FAILING AND H. W. CORBETT & CO

IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

IRON and STEEL,

ROPE, ETC., ETC.

Agents for the Sale of

DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER.

Nos. 53 & 55 Front St.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

JOHN R. FOSTER

CORNER FRONT AND STARK STS.,

DEALER IN

Howe's Platform & Counter Scales,

THE BEST IN USE.

SHELF AND BUILDERS' HARDWARE

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,

MINERS' GOODS,

NAILS, ROPE, SHOVELS, AXHYLS AXES, ETC., ETC.

All of which is offered at Lowest Rates.

He invites buyers to call and examine before purchas-ing elsewhere.

Would invite particular attention of buyers of Builders Hardware and House Trimmings, either at WHOLE-SALE OR RETAIL.

STOVES!

E. MILWAIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

STOVES, SHEET-IRON, TIN PLATE.

PLUMBING & GAS-FITTING

CHEAPER

Than Any Other House in Town.

E MILWAIN,

95 Front and 98 First streets.

The Best Investment Known,

PAYS CONSUMERS 2000 PER CENT

Silver Tips

ON CHILDREN'S SHOES.

OREGON.

The Sheriff of Washington county is on the war path after the delinquents who ought to pay tax.

The horsemen of Eastern Oregon are in dread of the epizooty, which is gradually coming this way.

All the mining surveys and diagrams for Baker county, have been approved by the Surveyor General.

The spring term of the Baker City Academy opened on the 11th inst., with about fifty students.

A man named Bra tain at Baker City, fell from a ladder at his home in that place on the 12th and broke his leg.

A new telegraph office has been established at Rock Point, 13 miles north of Jacksonville. Mar-cellus Colvig is operator.

News has been received from Washington that a public sale of Baker City lots will be made soon at the Grande Land Office.

One death occurred at Baker City last week. Our correspondent says such a circumstance is a rarity in that healty climate.

At Baker City, on the 13th, the snow was gradually disappearing, though occasional squalls were still piling up the drifts.

On the first of last week the Virtue mill, in Baker county, made another clean-up of about $8,000 after a twenty days run.

Quarts men and ditch owners in Baker county are beginning to rustle for spring work, and the placer miners are ready for the first run of water.

Our Baker City correspondent says, "No such cold as 27 degrees below zero" was ever experi-enced in that locality, and wants to know "who said so." We give it up.

A correspondent says the Eldorado driver reached Baker City on the 12th on horseback. The snow drifts were so heavy in the mountains that the driver was compelled to get his passengers and mail through the best way he could.

We are informed that Mr. S. G. Reed has re-cently sold two of his blooded short-horn calves for the round sum of $2,200. One of them will be taken to California. We did not learn the destination of the other. Better prices ought to be raising.

Candidates for the various city offices in Jack-sonville are cropping out all over the town. The *Sentinel* says: "As the race is not always to the swift, there must be something done besides a mere announcement that so-and-so wants office. Cause must be shown."

From the *Bedrock Democrat*: We are informed that Uniontown is elected as the County Seat of Union county. It appears that Judge McArthur issued a writ of mandamus compelling the Clerk to make a count of the ballots cast on the County Seat question, which count gives Union a majority of votes over all other points. The viva-voce votes were not counted."

One day last week, a pointer dog by accident entered the Virtue mine tunnel in Baker county, and falling down an eighty five foot shaft struck a Chineman, severely injuring him about the head. The dog did not receive a scratch. This is the second accident of the same nature that has happened there, and now the climate about there is unhealthy for dogs.

The Jacksonville *Sentinel* says: "More rain has fallen during the past week than in any period of the same length during the season. The creeks are well filled and miners busily at work. For several years it has been so dry that but little mining could be done. It is to be hoped this season, at least, may see a change. There is many a claim here yet that will pay big if only the water to work it can be obtained, and it looks now as if the want would be satisfied."

Our St. Joe correspondent says there are at present, five persons in the Yamhill county jail, as follows. John Wilson awaiting trial on a charge of assault with intent to kill in Tillamook county; Thos. Markham and J. M. Russell un-der arrest on a charge of arson; W. F. Bruce for an attempt to poison, and Joseph Coxon on a charge of murder. The four last named are awaiting the action of the Yamhill grand jury at the April term of the Circuit Court.

There is sense in the following from the Jack-sonville *Sentinel*: "Many of our cotemporaries are complaining of each other. They say so-and-so steals items without giving any credit. This is very unwrong. We don't do it, as a general thing, and we don't suffer much from others doing it to us. That's even. If we take anything from an exchange without giving credit it is generally some unimportant article. They are more plenti-ful in our exchanges than any other kind, and the loss is less felt. The absence of our name in ex-changes leads us to infer a like sentiment on their part. That's reciprocity. We're content as a general thing. When we are not, we'll take an-other card."

A writer in the *Democrat* says Warner Valley is situated in Grant, county, Oregon, near the California line; the west side is little valued on account of dryness; the lake occupies the great-est portion, it abounds with small game and fish; the east side contains about 12,000 acres of the most fertile land on the coast. Goose Lake Val-ley is seventy miles long by eighteen wide, the lake runs through the center, with rich land lying on either side, free to all who want good farms, with a mild climate; the hills on each side are well timbered, and abound with game. There are about one hundred families in the valley, who are mostly engaged in raising cattle, which has proved a very profitable business.

A Card.

WASHINGTON, February 4, 1873.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

I have just been shown a copy of the Oregon *Herald* of January 19th, which takes the trouble to devote a column and a half to misrepre-sentation of me, that would go unnoticed only that it mendaciously gives the statement of a pre-tended correspondent from this city, every word of which is false. (The *Herald's* pretended regular correspondence from this city is bogus—writ-ten in the office—and many of its statements are incorrect.) I never spoke to Senator Morton, nor he to me, and my business Eastis neither "loc-turing," nor anything else that concerns that paper.

Hoping to derive benefit by change and travel to regain the physical strength I possessed two years ago, before the *Herald's* Salem pet at-tempted to murder me, I have come East, and I recognize it as perfectly natural that the dirty scoundrels should lie about a man they tried to kill—especially when he is four thousand miles away. S. A. CLARKE.

An Answer.

EUGENE CITY, Feb. 17, 1873.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

SIR—For the information of "County Clerk," who appears in this morning's OREGONIAN, under the caption of "Some Pointed Questions," I desire to say that I have answered or caused to be an-swered all letters addressed to me on business; that I have received no letters asking for field notes that have not been answered. If "County Clerk" has cause for complaint, the cause does not exist here. Very respectfully,

W. H. ODELL, Surveyor General.

A merchant advertised for a clerk "who could bear confinement," and received an answer from one who had been seven years in jail.

By Overland Telegraph.

DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.

EASTERN DATES TO FEBRUARY 18

WASHINGTON CITY.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, Feb 17.—In the House, Armstrong introduced a bill to enable the people of the Territories to elect Government and other Territorial officers.

Under a suspension of the rules, the bill to encourage and to promote telegraphic communication between America and Asia passed by a vote of 130 to 53

A bill to authorize the American and East India Tele-graph Company to construct and maintain lines of tele-graph or submarine cable on the Pacific coast, to connect the American and Asiatic coasts, provides that the Com-pany shall begin to lay cable within two years, and that one or more Government steamers may be detailed to aid in the work

The Senate bill for the further endowment and sup-port of agricultural colleges, was taken up

Pierce offered a substitute with the provision that for every $500 annual income accruing to any college, there shall be one free scholarship, and whenever such annual income reaches $50,000 all tuition in such college shall be free.

The substitute was agreed to and the bill passed.

The House adjourned.

In the Senate, Stewart introduced a bill granting the State of Nevada one million acres of public lands for common school purposes, the lands to be selected by the State, and disposed of to actual settlers, in lots of six-teen and thirty-second sections heretofore granted for the same purpose.

Nye, from the committee on Territories, reported fa-vorably a bill authorizing Territories to select and sell two sections of land in each township for school purposes

Adjourned.

The President has signed the Indian Appropriation bill

In the House to-day, Sargent introduced a bill grant-ing right of way for the construction of a submarine tunnel under Mare Island Straits

Houghton introduced a bill creating a Board of Com-missioners to inquire into and report upon the subject of the irrigation of San Joaquin and Tulare valleys

Washington, Feb. 18.—At 1:30 Mr. Poland presented the report of the Committee on Credit Mobilier, which the Clerk proceeded to read. All implicated members were in their seats. Cox temporarily occupied the Speaker's chair. The galleries were crowded and in-tense interest was manifested. The report is very vol-uminous. The Committee after stating their views on the question of the jurisdiction of the House in the premises say. That they are of the opinion that acts of members not in the present House should be treated as nevertheless within the jurisdiction of the present House In relation to Ames, he sold to members Credit Mobilier stock at par, when it was worth double that amount, with a corrupt purpose. The facts as to Brooks show that he used his influence as Congressman and Govern-ment Director in the Union Pacific Railroad, to get pos-session of stock. The reading of the report occupied an hour and a quarter after which, Poland said that no action was desired until when the report was printed and each member concerned had an opportunity to examine it. Neither was it desired that any day be named for the consideration of the report. Brooks said the report was partial and unjust. He made no motion of legal pro-ceedings by McComb against the Credit Mobilier.

Washington, Feb 18.—The Senate Committee on the Pacific coast, after a secret session of an hour this morn-ing, decided to confine their inquiry to the transaction between Pomeroy and York. J. C. Horton, of Lawrence, was then examined. His testimony was mainly cor-roborative of York's story, and tending to show that the latter's course was the result of an arrangement made by the opponents of Pomeroy.

The Senate passed the Australian cable bill.

The House bill directing that a contract be made with Murtagh, of the Washington *Republican*, for reporting and printing the debates of Congress, was taken up. The previous question was not seconded, the vote stand-ing 64 to 72. The manager of the bill (Beatty) having thus lost control of it, the House went into Committee of the Whole on the sundry civil appropriation bill.

EASTERN STATES.

The Irrigation Bill.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—Casserly, from the committee on Public Lands, has reported favorably the bill authorizing a Commission on the irrigation of the San Joaquin and Tulare valleys.

Flood in Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 17.—The flood in the Monongahela river continues without abatement, and is rather increas-ing. It is impossible to approximate an accurate es-timate of the damage done, but it is considered to be the heaviest river disaster ever experienced here. Grave rumors are current concerning the damage done up the river. The loss of life so far is only two.

CINCINNATI, Pa., Feb. 17.—There have been heavy rains in this section of the State for the past two days, and heavy land slides on several railroads.

Engine Rampant—Disastrous Collision.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—A private dispatch from Yonkers says an engine of the Yonkers special train became de-tached near Hastings this morning. The engineer was unable to stop it and the engine ran into an express train ahead, completely demolishing the cars and killing and wounding a large number of people.

LATER.—When the collision on the Hudson River Rail-road at Yonker's occurred, the train was going north from which the engine and tender jumped. It caught the Poughkeepsie way train at Hastings plunging half way through the rear coach, which contained one passen-ger, the brakesman and the assistant conductor. The passenger was injured, the brakesman and assistant conductor were both probably fatally injured. None of the passengers were seriously injured. No one was killed

Reported Lost.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—It is reported that the British ships *Sterling Castle* and *Lincoln*, which sailed hence for London Dec. 10th and 11th respectively, have been lost at sea. The *Lincoln* had a crew of 23 men, and the *Sterling Castle* 26.

Bowles Brothers.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—The several creditors of the Bowles Brothers state that the claims in this country against the firm amount to over $300,000. The Japanese claim is said to be as much as $60,000. It is claimed that Na-than Appleton, whose property in Newport, R. I., has been attached in the interest of the Japanese, is liable as a partner, and beyond what can be realized from his estate, little is expected by his creditors.

Vicar General.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Archbishop McCloskey has ap-pointed Rev. Father Preston, of St Ann's, Vicar Gen-eral, in place of the late Father Starrs.

Railroad Matters.

NEW YORK, Feb 17.—Rumors are current that an effort will be made to place the Boston, Hartford and Erie Railroad under the control of Commodore Vanderbilt, so as to prevent the threatened depreciation of the bonds of that Company.

Phelps, Dodge & Co.

The United States District Attorney here has received intimation that the case of Phelps, Dodge & Co. was to be compromised

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

From Melbourne.

MELBOURNE, Feb. 17.—The Inter-Colonial Postal Tele-graph Conference recommended the San Francisco route as the most desirable for the transmission of mails be-tween Europe and Australia.

From Madrid.

MADRID, Feb 17.—Castellar is about to send a circular to foreign Powers designed to prevent their interference in the affairs of Spain and to assure them that the Re-public is not aggressive in character, and does not seek to interfere with other nations.

MADRID, Feb. 18.—A proclamation of amnesty will be published on Thursday to the Carlists in insurrection in the Northern provinces if they, within two weeks, sub-mit to the authorities, if they decline, they will be ener-getically pursued

The question of representatives to the South American Republics is under consideration.

A Recalcitrant Priest.

GENEVA, Feb. 18.—Rev. Dr. Merrmillod, having de-clared to the Federal Council that he was determined to exercise the functions of Vicar Apostolic despite prohi-bition by authorities, has been sent to the French frontier under escort.

Movements of Don Carlos.

BAYONNE, Feb. 17.—Don Carlos has arrived at St. Jean De Luz, ten miles from Bayonne.

Action for Libel.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The owners of the steamer *Murrillo* have brought an action for libel against Lloyds, claiming $30,000 damages.

From Rome.

ROME, Feb. 17.—Victor Emanuel visited the theatre on Sunday evening, and was received with shouts of "Long live the King of Italy and Amadeus!"

ARIZONA.

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 17.—The Arizona *Miner* of Febru-ary 8th, says: We have had three days rain and snow during the past week. Another good fall of snow or rain such as we have just had, would enable placer miners to sluice during owners of claims for months to come. It is we think there is a months sluicing water now in the mountains Snow in the mountains has stopped communication with Hardshaw and other districts near Prescott.

From the placer diggings more favorable than they have been any year since 1868

Nothing from Gen Crook, in the field, later than has

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEB 19 1873

"Never Send a Boy to Mill"

Doubtless he had hoped for better success in his next application for the position of United States Attorney for Oregon, but the hope was dashed cruelly to earth.—*Bulletin.*

This delicate allusion, dear reader, is to "the undersigned," and is excruciatingly painful to us. In the "old colony days," when we were even poorer than at present—which is much to say—we were absent from this city two years—in one of the mining counties. When we returned we were informed that some kind friends had applied for the office above mentioned, to be bestowed upon us—gratis. This information did our impecunious heart a "heap of good," though we had never asked such a favor. But fortune was against us. The application "failed to connect." The Government concluded to try to get along without our services. Of course, this was the greatest blunder ever committed by any administration. But it was to a great extent our own fault. We ought to have given the matter our personal attention. We once knew a man who gave a similar matter his personal attention, and he won. He was troubled, like ourself, with impecuniosity. He was the editor of a daily and weekly newspaper, and he wanted to be a Collector of Customs. So he went to some of his friends and told them that if he could only get to Washington City, he could, he thought, beg an office at the hands of the Government, but that he was poor and had a large family and could not afford to pay his way to Washington. He therefore importuned them to take up a collection, to which each of them might contribute a small sum, and that they would solicit others to join them, and thus help him along to the place whence official "pap" comes. His friends contributed, each giving a little, and they went about the city and solicited assistance from others till the requisite amount was raised, talking all the while among themselves. Some of them said such shameless mendicancy in a person who was healthy, and even fat, and well able to earn a living honorably, was a sad and humiliating spectacle, but others laughed great guffaws, declaring it was "rich." But he went, and got the office, which he still holds with great profit to himself, drawing his salary and perquisites as regularly as if he actually did the work for which he is paid, but devoting his entire time and attention to editing a daily and weekly paper, though not the same he edited at first. Now this illustrates the importance of giving one's personal attention to any business he would have prosper—especially if that business is seeking an office.

State Temperance Alliance.

To-morrow the second annual session of the Oregon State Temperance Alliance will begin at the Capital. We are informed that an unusual degree of interest in this meeting is manifest throughout the State. A large number of delegates will be present, and it is to be hoped that the Alliance has gained sufficient strength in the first year of its growth to stand alone,—without the dangerous aid of politicians. The subject which is to receive their attention and for whose discussion they are met is one of exhaustless interest. It commands our heartiest sympathy, and we have strong faith that this convocation will result in much practical good. Let it be understood, however, that the exigencies of the time demand energetic action—*hard work.* It is too often the case that the whole object of such assemblies is lost sight of in the eternal drone and wrangle of debate. Our charity for the impetuous zeal of inexperienced youth led us to excuse much that was to be condemned in the proceedings of last year's session. There should be little charity if the blunders are repeated during the present week. It is not in a multitude of talkers that wisdom is found. Every church, Sunday school, college, and literary society in the State is to be represented. For the most part, that representation will be best achieved by a judicious silence. We repent, the Alliance has our heartiest good will. Let it deserve the applause of the people of the State, who will watch its deliberations with interest, by adopting some feasible plan of reform and judiciously providing for its execution.

For some time Mr. Corbett's personal organ has been giving countenance to the assertion that the principal business men of Portland are sharpers and rascals, who have swindled the farmers of the State out of their wheat.—*Bulletin.*

Our unsophisticated readers are hereby informed that "Corbett's personal organ" is a name by which the *Bulletin*, being conducted by an individual who can not understand how a paper can be conducted except as the "organ" of some individual or ring, is pleased to designate the OREGONIAN from time to time.

We *have* "given countenance to the assertion" that, Mr. Holladay, by his railway monopoly, was doing substantially the thing mentioned by the *Bulletin*, but we were not aware before that he comprised the principal business men of the city. The editor of the *Bulletin* has for some years been generally understood to consider Mr Holladay the Republican party. It appears now he is also looked upon by that individual as "the principal business men of Portland." The *Bulletin* is not a Holladay paper—no chance!

If people don't want to use the railroads they need not do so. Here is a free and open river. Everybody can run boats on it. We advise those who deem themselves oppressed by railroad charges to use the river.—*Bulletin.*

That is old and decidedly thin. This is also a free and open country, and everybody can build railroads—only they can't. Nor can everybody run boats any more than cars. It is but a day or two since the *Bulletin* ridiculed the idea of the farmers attempting to provide means of conveying their own freights. The farmer who is compelled by the extortions of a rich and powerful corporation to work from year to year for the bare subsistence of himself and his family, is now coolly informed that "Here is a free and open river. Everybody can run boats on it." No, no; the *Bulletin* is not in Mr. Holladay's interest!

It is difficult to suppress a smile in reading of the active haste with which railway capitalists of the smaller fry ran to the broad wings of Vanderbilt, the great railway gormandizer, for shelter. Adown the capacious gullet of this voracious gentleman disappear, one after another, the short-lived enterprises of a day. A little "rumble and grumble and roar," Wall street confesses the shock for a brief moment, and then away in mad glee to the cavernous recess of this human Maelstrom, skip confiding directors, insensate rolling-stock, miles of railway track, and lo! the place that once knew them knoweth them no more forever.

Four vessels from San Francisco arrived at Seattle on the 14th; two of which were the bark-entine *Harrison* and the schooner *Ocean Pearl.*

The star of the Mormon Empire seems to be tending southward, regardless of Bishop Berkeley who, in all probability is not an authority among the Saints. It is possible that that star may sink in utter darkness in Utah, or it that may not be, since Arizonalities in its orbit, the soul of Cachise, its aboriginal darkness unpierced by the genial rays of polygamy, may incite the eccentric Apaches to stay the southward march. After all, the institution may be best adapted to torrid climes. From a torrid clime it came, and now it seeks Patagonia. We have even estimated Mormon character if afterall, it shall appear that the two priesthoods can dwell harmoniously in any of the States of Mexico. Brigham must go farther south. Perhaps the Patagonians would suffer the beleaguered church to hang on the verge of the continent for a brief period, in this its last pilgrimage toward Nothingness.

A bill for the better government of Utah, lately introduced in Congress by Merritt, Delegate from Idaho, proposes to deal with the "peculiar institution" in a decisive manner. It is said that the measure is approved by President Grant and Attorney General Williams. Its passage will sound the death-knell of the Mormon Church. No violent measures are proposed. The main feature of the bill seems to be this. The government of the Territory passes from the hands of the religious despots to the General Government. Under its provisions no polygamist can be naturalized, while the right of free suffrage is restricted to male citizens alone. It is evident that the bill is worded with careful reference to the extinction of polygamy. An epitome of the bill will be found in another column.

The telegraph announces that J. J. Marks, the peculiating Harbor Commissioner of San Francisco, "has the question of his own resignation under consideration." It is to be hoped he will be able to reach a conclusion that the public service does not demand his talents.

Dr. McCosh on Civil Service Reform.

At the opening of the second term of Princeton College on the 8th of January, Dr. McCosh, remarking upon the Civil Service Reform said:

I am not sure that the Civil Service Commission sees, I am sure the public does not see, the importance of taking a pretty high literary standard at the competitive examinations. I do not mean that this should be done with men advanced in life who have been long in the public service, but it should be done with young men who are seeking to enter offices. Why is it that an examination is a means of ascertaining the competency of young men for the public service? I answer, for two reasons: .One is that it tests the general capacity of the candidates, and thereby secures men of ability, the other and the more important, often overlooked, is, that it secures that the applicants have not spent their youthful years in indolence or vice. This great end can not be attained by an examination of an inferior kind.

I approve of those provisions which have been made to secure that the candidates have a practical acquaintance with, and an aptitude for the special work which they are required to discharge, and of the apprenticeship which they have to undergo of six months' duration before their final appointment. In this respect the American plan is superior to the British. But let us not lose sight of a point to which great attention has been paid in the competitive examinations of Great Britain, in which there is always an examination in general knowledge and culture. To illustrate what I mean by an example: A young man is wished for an office where his principal work is to consist simply in copying papers. Are you to give the situation to the one who stands highest simply in penmanship? I believe that if you do so you would commit a great mistake. The youth who is the best penman might have no other capacity whatever, and may have been wasting the earlier years of his life. No doubt his penmanship should be tested, but pains should be taken at the same time to ascertain whether he has good intelligence and been industrious in acquiring knowledge. It is only when thus applied that the education test can attract able men to Government offices. If the test is properly used it will undoubtedly be a powerful means of promoting education, the education on which the greatness of this country essentially depends. The best educated States will receive the largest number of appointments, and the other States will be stirred up to equal or excel them.

The leading features of the Morritt Bill for the regulation of governmental affairs in Utah have been condensed by the Washington correspondent of the New York *Herald* in the following ten points:

First—The United States Marshal is to serve all processes of the United States Courts.

Second—The District Attorney is directed to prosecute all offenses against the laws of the United States, as well as the Territory.

Third—Grand and petit jurors are to be drawn by the United States Judge, Marshal and District Attorney.

Fourth—In prosecutions for polygamy proof of cohabitation, declaration of acknowledgment of more than one wife, is sufficient.

Fifth—Mormon courts to be restricted in their jurisdiction.

Sixth—The election law to be amended so as to give free expression to the ballot and allow only male citizens to vote.

Seventh—No polygamists to be allowed to be naturalized.

Eighth—Inspectors of Election, Justices of the Peace, Notaries, etc., to be appointed by the Governor.

Ninth—All land grants made by the Mormon Legislature to be annulled.

Tenth—All acts of Mormon legislation in contravention of the organic law of the Territory to be disapproved by Congress.

TERRIBLE DEATH.—About three o'clock yesterday afternoon a shocking accident occurred at the roll mill of J. Painter & Son, in the Thirty-fourth ward, West Pittsburgh. A lad about eleven years of age, named Jas. Welsh, was employed as a helper at the heavy rolls used for pressing iron into flat bars. His turn was up at three o'clock, and he was preparing to go home. It was his duty, however, before he left to uncouple his roll, and being in a hurry, he attempted to do so before the engine was stopped. His pants were caught in the machinery, and in an instant he was drawn through the rolls feet foremost, and thrown out on the opposite side a helpless mass of flesh and bones, crushed almost flat. The space through which his body was passed was only five inches, and it can hardly be imagined how fearfully crushed and mangled it must have been. The skull was broken like an egg, and the brains scattered about the floor. Coroner West was notified, and proceeded to the mill, he held an inquest on the remains, and the jury returned a verdict of accidental death.—*Pittsburgh Leader*, January 25.

WHO GETS THE PROFITS?—Ross Browne says "I have seen wheat selling at 100 per cent more than the farmers got for it, were retailing at the hotels in San Francisco at $1 50 a bottle, while it sold at Los Angeles at 10 cents a gallon, or 8 cents a bottle, grapes sold at 8 and 10 cents a pound while the producer got only 75 cents a hundred, and fruit thrown into the bay of San Francisco because the fruit dealers could not get rid of it fast enough to keep it from rotting at 5 cents per pound, while the fruit growers would be glad to sell it at $20 a ton. Now it is said that these things always regulate themselves. Now I question if anything regulates itself. The farmers, viniculturists and fruit growers must combine for their own protection as the grain dealers and truck store combine for their own profit—otherwise they will continue to labor for the benefit of those who, however useful as a class, produce nothing."

The Jacksonville *Sentinel* says "The following patents were issued from the U. S. Patent Office, January 7, 1873, as reported to us by Alexander & Mason, solicitors of patents, Washington, D. C.: Photographic plate holder—Joseph Buchtel, Portland, cultivator—James Sherrill, Harrisburg."

Oregon

COOS BAY, Oregon, Feb. 5, 1873.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

SIR: I trust that I am endowed with the amount of patience usually allotted to humanity, and that I can repress any feelings of anger that may be kindled by willful misrepresentation of the resources—mineral and agricultural—the climate, and future prospects of Oregon (my native State), as well as any person should. But when I see such unfounded, not to say malicious misrepresentations as are contained in the letter which you copy from the Missouri *Watchman*, I don't feel like "restraining" any longer. The only fault in your rough handling of the letter is that you were not severe enough. A person would get the impression from this letter, that "Uncle John Stewart" was a minister of the Gospel, but why he should be of that calling seems passing strange, unless "weak vessels are chosen to confound the wise."

Until late years people of the Eastern States have popularly supposed that Oregon was a northern county of California, and if anything of an interesting nature was telegraphed thither as having occurred in Oregon, the inquiry was immediately raised, "What part of California is Oregon in?" We have all seen in Eastern papers accounts of ascensions of Mount Hood, and the credit invariably given to California of being the possessor of this grand old king of the mountains. That State owes its wide spread popularity to the discovery of its gold mines, and as the population of Oregon at that time was almost inexcusably sparse, no attention was awarded to our own gold mines, nor to our unsurpassed natural facilities as an agricultural and stock growing country.

But we will not quarrel with our neighbor, for the bread which she has cast upon the waters has, after many days, begun to return, and is bringing anything but desirable results. Californians have usually shouted over the Oregon line, extravagantly "Oh, what a wet climate you have up there, you miserable Webfoot!" while at the same time their own throats were so parched in consequence of their annual drouths, that they could scarcely give the sentence utterance.

The truth is, so far as climate, soil, and natural advantages are concerned, few countries equal, and none surpass Oregon; and this truth is rapidly becoming known to the people of the Eastern States.

True, an occasional chronic fault finder who, through some inscrutable means has ventured away from his mother, sends a series of lamentating ululations home to some country paper, narrating that in Oregon you can't raise this or that, or that the climate is unhealthful, etc., etc. Few have gone so far astray, however, from the truth as "Uncle John," (God bless his innocent soul,) when he writes back to a listening commonwealth that our soil is so poor that we *can't raise anything but wheat!* How thousands of those to-be pitied specimens of humanity who are deluded into the idea that they actually exist, whose alpha and omega consists in chills, corn bread and quinine, and who infest some of the creek bottoms of Missouri, would rejoice if *they* could be permitted to till an acre or two of *such* poor soil! The reason that raising corn in Oregon won't pay is, that nine-tenths of our people came from corn-raising States, and during their youth "imbibed" enough corn bread to answer even to the fourth generation.

But aside from this, it is a new idea that ground will raise wheat which is too sterile to produce fruit, potatoes, grass, etc. But Uncle John (the good old man I) says the soil is sure to grow poorer, for we "can't raise grass and clover to renovate it." When Pharaoh's heart was hardened, it was of a peculiarly soft and spongy nature, compared with the consistency of his, who could say, after traveling over the State of Oregon, that we can't raise grass and clover! "Thou shalt not lie."

He also says that "few farmers can raise enough [wheat] for their own consumption." So here he flatly says the soil won't raise even *wheat.* This is not in accordance with Rule 1st of common sense, which is, "a work of fiction should correspond at least with itself."

In the spring of 1866 I put in ten acres of wheat on the farm of Hon. T. W. Davenport, in Marion county. In the fall I assisted in threshing it, and it yielded 400 bushels. It never had a moment of attention from "seed time till harvest." The yield of wheat all over the Waldo Hills was scarcely less than this—certainly not less than thirty-five bushels per acre. But the soil won't raise wheat!

There is something else it will not raise. It won't raise miasmatic effluvia, which is productive of fever and ague, such as constitutes the daily inhalation of the denizens of the proverbial creek bottoms of Missouri. When I was twenty-one years of age, having been raised in Oregon, I didn't know whether quinine was a fluid or a powder. This, of course, indicates ignorance, but, withal, a healthy species, and I have never yet seen a person with the ague.

But I'll tell you what I *have* seen. I have seen hundreds of hogs fattened on potatoes, because these were so plentiful, and therefore so cheap, that they would not pay for digging. I have seen on the fruit farm of R. C. Geer, in Marion county, wagon loads of currants, gooseberries, raspberries and blackberries, fall to the ground and decay in excess of what the entire neighborhood could consume; and the hogs would turn up their noses at the profusion of apples and pears lying on the ground. I have seen lean, lank Missourians come to Oregon, looking like Methuselah's ghost, and at the end of a year, in our salubrious climate, look *something* like the image of their Maker.

But you know, Mr. Editor, there *are* men who, had they been the original occupants of the Garden of Eden, would have sent a special message of censure to the Father because they had not first class angels for constant companions, because they had not Pullman Palace cars for pleasure riding; and because the fruit of the tree of Life was a seedling, and not of the most approved modern pomological variety.

T. F. G.

PERSONAL NOTES.

Hart and Soule are to be found in the body of the Illinois Legislature.

Senator Cameron's head is frosted with the snow of seventy-four winters.

"Indian Tom," the last member of the Creek tribe remaining in Georgia, died a few days ago.

Miss Lewis, the American (colored) sculptress in Rome, has two $50,000 orders from English aristocrats.

Madame Flores, wife of the Minister from Ecuador, is pronounced the most beautiful woman in Washington.

F. A. Brunswig, of Hudson county, N. J., committed suicide the other day, by cheating himself to death with straws.

The ex-Emperor Napoleon III., during his life, was subjected to no fewer than sixteen surgical operations, seven of which endangered his life.

Mrs. Sumner is now living at Nice, and those who have recently seen her say that she still remains one of the most beautiful and attractive of women.

The death is announced at Albany, N. Y., of Luther Tucker, proprietor of the *Country Gentleman*, and Treasurer of the New York State Agricultural Society. He was 71 years of age.

A. B. Stockwell is the most dashing young speculator of the age, Tom Scott not excepted. From a simple lumber boy at Painsville, Ohio, he jumped into Wall street and made a million dollars by investments in the stock of the Pacific Mail Company, of which he is now President.

George O. Barry, living about fifteen miles from the Delaware Water Gap, has reached the venerable age of 115 years. He was born in Northampton county, Penn. He was regarded as a Tory during the Revolution, and was too old to serve in the war of 1812. He states that he has heard his grandfather, who was a French Huguenot, relate how he saw Louis XIV. at Severos.

The South Salem M. E. Church, the Cumberland Presbyterian Sabbath School and the Musical Union, all of Salem, have chosen delegates to the State Temperance Alliance. If one-fourth of those who have been elected attend it will be the largest deliberative body ever assembled in Oregon.

Mobile is without a city attorney since her last one was arrested for burglary.

AT HOME!

QUINN, THE PIONEER FISH AND GAME DEALER, having consolidated at his Old Stand, UNION FISH MARKET,

Washington st., bet. First and Second,

is now better prepared than ever to wait on his old and new customers.

A full supply of

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME and POULTRY,

Always on Hand at Lowest Rates

ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY,

and

PURCHASES DELIVERED FREE TO CUSTOMERS.

MARRIED:

At the residence of the bride's parents, on Columbia Slough, Feb. 16th, by Rev. J. B. McCain, Mr Martin Burlingame and Miss Emma Pullen, all of Multnomah county, Oregon.

NEW TO-DAY.

For Sale.

A LOT OF SAUER KRAUT & ONIONS, very fine. Also,

Groceries, Provisions, FEED, ETC., AT REDUCED RATES.

EVERDING & FARRELL

f19

LISTEN FOR THE BELL!

MILK! MILK!

At 6 1-4 Cents per Quart.

FROM

RATHBUN'S MAMMOTH DAIRY.

STOP THE CART WHEN THE BELL RINGS

Fits! Fits!! Fits!!

GIVE THEM FITS!

WE CAN FIT YOUR FEET AND FIT YOUR POCKETS.

That's What's the Matter!

BROWN & CO.,

Morrison st., near First,

ANATOMICAL BOOTMAKERS,

ARE IMPORTING, DIRECT FROM FRANCE, THE following named "A" "1" brands of French Calfskin, to-wit: "Lemoine," "Idot, Cornolieg & Schlett, the reputation for excellence of which is world wide and needs no comment. We have just engaged FIVE ADDITIONAL FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, and flatter ourselves that our facilities for making the VERY BEST CUSTOM WORK are unsurpassed by any firm on the Pacific coast.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY!

GRAND BALL!

OF THE

WASHINGTON GUARD,

At ARMORY HALL

Friday Evening, Feb. 21, 1873

TICKETS CAN BE HAD OF MEMBERS OF THE Company or at the door.

MUSIC BY THE EAST PORTLAND BRASS BAND. f19d3t

To Ticket Holders.

THOSE HOLDING TICKETS OF THE FOLLOWING numbers are requested to call at G. A. BUCHARDT'S, corner of Stark and First streets, and present tickets and claim prizes. All prizes remaining on hand after March 1st will be disposed of as the German Aid Society may deem proper:

Tickets.	Prizes.	Tickets.	Prizes.
1856	23	994	142
196	23	408	160
1236	24	425	172
116	29	565	180
921	47	1855	186
122	67	1840	216
1700	68	1540	227
1195	85	614	238
1664	109	1050	251
1758	109	232	262
1350	133	588	270

To Exempt Firemen.

APPLICATIONS OF EXEMPT MEMBERS OF THE Fire Department for the new Exempt Certificates and Badges will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Fire Department for sixty days from the date hereof. At the expiration of this time the Exempt Roll will be justified and the Certificates and Badges issued to those who have applied according to the seniority of their membership upon the Register.

Until further notice, the Secretary of the Fire Department may be found at his office, third story of new Police Building, from 9 until 6 P. M. each day, Sundays excepted.

C. SALE,

Secretary Portland Fire Department.

Portland, Feb. 5, 1873. d2m

L. KIERNAN,

Has opened a Depot for the sale of

SHRUBBERY!

GREEN-HOUSE PLANTS,

Fruit and Ornamental Trees!

Flowers, Bulbs,

RHUBARB & ASPARAGUS ROOTS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

Under Theater Building.

GOLD, VELVET, SATIN,

AND OTHER

WALL PAPER, Window Shades,

Etc., Etc.—for sale by

GEORGE L. STORY

45 Front Street.

P. GOLDSMITH J. LOEWENBERG.

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG,

(*Successors to FREIDMAN & CO.,*)

32 & 34 Front St., O. S. N. Co.'s Block,

Importers and Dealers in

STOVES, METALS,

AND

TINMEN'S STOCK.

AGENCY FOR

TILTON & M'FARLAND'S SAFES.

THE ST. NICHOLAS,

WASHINGTON ST. (NORTH SIDE) BETWEEN FRONT AND FIRST.

I. LONGSTREET, Prop'r.

THE MOST ELEGANTLY FURNISHED SALOON in the city. Handsome Parlors, Elegant Bar and Rooms, where Oysters, and all other delicacies are served. Just the place to drop in. f15

FABRE,

Central Market!

Has enlarged his

COFFEE STAND,

AND

Added Such Improvements

As will enable him to

PROVIDE EPICURES WITH BEST IN THE MARKET

Third Street Store.

HAVING PURCHASED THE STOCK IN TRADE of Messrs Taylor & Brownell, we will sell the same, as well as our own, consisting of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS and SHOES, at a small advance on cost, for the next sixty days.

To parties wishing to engage in trade we offer to sell right out our entire business, and will rent store and fix it over on reasonable terms. JOHN WILSON,

Third street, bet Alder and Morrison, three doors south of Masonic Hall. f17d3t

Shade Trees.

W. H. BUTTS IS PREPARED TO FURNISH AND set out Shade Trees, and will also furnish SOD TOP-SOIL and MANURE to those desiring to set out TREES and GARDENS. Will also do out orders for

GRADING AND STREET WORK.

Residence near cor. Fifth and Caruthers sts.

Notice.

BRITISH BARK "GEMINA,"—NEITHER THE Captain nor undersigned Consignees will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of said vessel. f17d2t HEWETT, WILSON & CO.

Amusements.

GRAND CONCERT AND BALL!

Will be given

AT THE SKATING RINK,

by

BAKER POST, NO 1, G. A. R.,

March 4, 1873,

FOR THE PURPOSE OF RAISING FUNDS TO DEfray the expenses on Decoration Day, May 30, 1873.

The Concert will be conducted by J. B. WYATT, assisted by GEORGE L. DAPKINS, and others favorably known to the public.

The TWENTY FIRST U. S. INFANTRY BAND have kindly volunteered for the occasion.

EIGHTEEN PIECES FOR COTILLION MUSIC. ROOM FOR FORTY SKATS to dance at one time. Steinway Grand Piano furnished by Gray's Music Store. Programme will be published in due time.

By order of COMMITTEE

f15

CARDINELL'S

Dancing Academy!

ASH STREET BET. FRONT & FIRST.

ROOM FOR MORE SCHOLARS.

BRAY & PARROT

Furnish

Brass & String Music

FOR BALLS, PARTIES, etc., at low rates.

LESSONS GIVEN ON THE VIOLIN, PIANO AND CORNET. Leave orders at Gray's or Shindler's music stores, or with W. A. Hurt, at American Exchange.

LAIDLAW & GATE,

Importers and Commission Merchants,

23 Front Street,

Offer for Sale

CALCUTTA DOUBLE SEWED GUNNY SACKS.

GILROY'S 22x36 GRAIN BAGS.

LEA & PERRIN'S

Worcestershire Sauce.

Pints and Half Pints.

MALT LIQUORS.

DEVENISH CHAMPAGNE ALE,

ARROL'S INDIA PALE ALE,

BYASS' LONDON PORTER,

GUINNESS' DUBLIN STOUT.

WINES.

PORT—In octaves,

SHERRY—In octaves.

WHISKY.

LOCHRUAN CAMPBELTON SCOTCH—In ¼ casks,

J. J. SEDGWICK & CO.'S VIRGINIA RYE—In ¼ casks,

J. BUMGARDNER'S OLD RYE—In ¼ casks and cases.

OTHER GOODS.

PEORIA STARCH,

J. W. WISE & CO.'S VIRGINIA TOBACCOS,

NO. 1 GENUINE PATNA RICE,

STARCH—Refined, Satin Glaze and Corn in box and crts.,

LARD and MACHINERY OILS—In bbls and cases,

WOOLWORTH'S AXE HANDLES,

STANDARD SOAP CO.'S CHEMICAL OLIVE ERASIVE, Erasive Pale, Pacific C. O., and Cool Water Bleaching.

BEST AND TOILET SOAPS.

ALSO

Florida Water.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF ENGLISH GOODS! Shortly to arrive.

Liberal Advances made on Consignments Of Wheat, Flour and other Produce.

ORDERS FOR FOREIGN MERCHANDISE Executed on Advantageous Terms.

Just So!

H. SINSHEIMER,

FIRST, BET. TAYLOR AND SALMON.

Selling at Cost

His entire Stock of New and Second Hand

Pianos, Organs & Musical Goods!

PIANOS RENTED

And KEPT IN TUNE at from three to ten dollars per month. Rental applied to purchase if desired.

Repairing & Tuning:

DONE PROMPTLY and SATISFACTORILY.

L. R. PARRISH. G. L. WATKINS. E. W. CORNELL, Notary Public.

PARRISH, WATKINS & CORNELL

Real Estate & Loan Agents,

Corner Front and Stark Sts.,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

HAVE FOR SALE AND TO RENT FARMS AND City Property in Oregon and Washington Territory, at prices to suit the times.

HOUSES RENTED—RENTS, NOTES AND ACCOUNTS COLLECTED—LOANS NEGOTIATED.

TAXES PAID FOR NON-RESIDENTS—DEEDS WRITTEN AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS TAKEN.

By permission, we refer to Messrs Allen & Lewis, Ladd & Tilton, Corbett, Failing & Co., First National Bank, Burgess & Shindler. f1tf

FLIEDNER BROS.,

FIRST STREET,

NEXT DOOR TO THE POST OFFICE,

Opposite the Odd Fellows' Temple,

Have just opened ONE OF THE FINEST

Hair Dressing & Shaving Saloons

ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

ALSO

Bath Rooms!

IN EXCELLENT STYLE,

And for the accommodation of LADIES and FAMILIES.

Private Entrance for Ladies on Alder Street, between Front and First.

WALTER BROS.'

Carpet Emporium!

89 Front St.

IN STORE, AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

CARPETS,

OIL-CLOTHS,

PAPER-HANGINGS,

UPHOLSTERY GOODS

Also new patterns in

TABLE-CLOTHS.

Portland Box Factory

CORNER FIRST AND E STREETS,

JOHN HARROW, Prop'r.

ORDERS FOR BOXES OF ALL KINDS PROMPTLY attended to.

Improved machinery lately introduced, and WORK GUARANTEED. f3d1m

STEP IN AT KEITH'S

And try the

Netart Bay Oysters!

THEY ARE EXCELLENT.

COUNG YE LOUNG & CO.,

125 Front St.,

Contractors for Chinese Labor!

ANY NUMBER OF CHINESE FURNISHED TO Contractors on short notice. Also, dealers in

Teas, Rice, Opium,

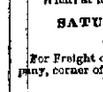
And all kinds of CHINA MERCHANDISE. f12

Ocean Steamers.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

Carrying the U. S. Mail.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAMship



ORIFLAMME

FRANCIS CONNER, Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F Street, for the above port

FRIDAY, FEB 21st, 1873.

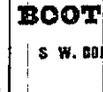
At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front Streets

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For Port Townsend, San Juan, Ft. Tongas, Ft. Wrangle, Nanaimo, Victoria and Sitka.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAM Propeller



GUSSIE TELFAIR,

JOHN HAYES..... .....Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F Street, for the above ports

MONDAY, FEB. 17, 1873,

At 4 o'clock P. M.

Victoria, Nanaimo and Sitka freight must be cleared before 12 o'clock, A. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front Street.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For San Juan, Nanaimo and Sitka.

Carrying the United States Mail.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAM Propeller

GEO. S. WRIGHT,

T. J. AINSLEY..... ..... Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F Street, for the above ports, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 1, 1873,

At 4 o'clock, P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

NOTICE.

Office of Oregon Steamship Company,

Portland, July 21, 1872.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE THE STEAMERS of the Oregon Steamship Company will carry no passengers from Astoria to Portland.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

Boots & Shoes.

PACIFIC

BOOT & SHOE STORE

S. W. CORNER FIRST AND MORRISON STS.

GEO. A. PEASE,

Successor to

PROTZMAN, GILLIHAN & CO.,

BARR & KINGSLEY,

Have opened a FULL STOCK of

Boots and Shoes

AT

No. 135 First St.

Millinery Goods.

P. VAN FRIDACH,

FRENCH MILLINERY & DRY GOODS STORE,

No. 79 First Street,

DEKUM'S BUILDING.

OUT OF THE FIRE!

S. J. McCORMICK,

IS HAPPY TO INFORM HIS NUMEROUS FRIENDS, Patrons, and the public in general, that he has

Re-Opened

THE FRANKLIN BOOK STORE!

AT

19 First Street,

(NEXT TO CENTRAL MARKET)

With a complete stock of

School Books,

Stationery,

Blank Books,

Gold Pens,

Cutlery, &c., &c.

Which he will dispose of at

THE LOWEST PRICES!

Subscriptions Received

For all the popular

NEWSPAPERS AND MAGAZINES!

Which will be

DELIVERED IN ANY PART OF THE CITY.

Jan25d1m

McLERAN'S MILLS,

Front St., Portland.

McLERAN & STEEL, Prop'rs.

We are manufacturing

A SUPERIOR QUALITY,

And offer for sale

Wholesale and Retail,

EXTRA FLOUR, SUPERFINE FLOUR, GRAHAM FLOUR, RYE FLOUR, BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, HOMINY, Large and Small, MIDDLINGS AND CHOPS.

OAT MEAL (Superfine), OAT GROATS, SPLIT PEAS, CRACKED WHEAT, CORN MEAL, Yellow and White, BRAN,

WE EMPLOY A MAN FROM SCOTLAND, WHO thoroughly understands the business. A kiln has been recently built for drying oats, so that we can guarantee our Oat Meal to keep for years in a fresh state. The Trade Supplied at lowest living rates. Orders Solicited.

Great Reduction in Tariff over Western Union Telegraph Lines.

ON AND AFTER FEBRUARY 15T, 1873, THE Tariff from any Western Union office to any other Western Union office, will not exceed **Two Dollars and Fifty Cents for Ten Words.** This includes Dispatches will be Sent dispatches

feb8d1m JAMES GAMBLE, Gen'l Superintendent

PRIDEAUX BROS.,

(Successor to F. Niebur)

Second St., bet. Stark and Oak,

CARRIAGE AND WAGON-MAKERS

And General Blacksmiths.

Jobbing promptly attended to d3m

Standard Mills FLOUR.

WE ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THIS FAVORite brand of Flour, which we offer in lots to suit purchasers.

ALLEN & LEWIS, Agents.

Auction and Commission.

A. B. RICHARDSON, AUCTIONEER,

Corner of Front and Oak Sts.

AUCTION SALES OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND HORSES.

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday.

aug28 A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

At Private Sale,

Large assortment of GROCERIES & LIQUORS.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.

To parties declining Housekeeping I will receive and will Purchase Second Hand Furniture.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

Regular and Peremptory Sale

OF

Groceries, Dry Goods, Furniture,

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

I will sell at my Auction Sales room,

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1873,

At 10 o'clock, A. M.

Groceries:

187 bxs C. C. SOAP,
50 bxs MARINE SOAP,
50 bxs BATH SOAP.

ALSO,

38 kgs No. 2 ISLAND SUGAR,
25 sks LIVERPOOL SALT,
50 chests JAPAN TEA.

ALSO,

10 gross SAFETY MATCHES,
240 lbs BARBOUR'S SHOE THREAD.

ALSO,

One Piano!

ALSO,

1 ELEGANT WALNUT BEDROOM SET,
1 COTTAGE WALNUT BEDSTEAD.

ALSO,

1 AMERICAN HORSE.

ALSO,

Parlor, Dining-room and Kitchen Furniture.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

Fire Insurance.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

UNION

Insurance Company

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

The California Insurance Company

ESTABLISHED IN 1864.

NOS. 416 AND 418 CALIFORNIA ST.

Cash Capital..... $750,000

Assets Exceed..... $1,000,000

FAIR RATES,

PROMPT SETTLEMENTS,

SOLID SECURITY.

HENRY FAILING,

Resident Director at Portland, Or.

EDWIN D. BADGER,

General Agent.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Capital.... $1,000,000

JOHN H. REDINGTON.....
GEO. H. HOWARD.....
CHAS. R. STORY.....
N. B. EDDY.....
H. H. HIGELOW.....

DIRECTORS.

Oregon Branch.

PORTLAND....P. Wasserman, C. H. D. Maclay, Lloyd

SALEM.....
ALBANY.....
DALLES.....
LEWISTON.....

HAMILTON BOYD,

Agent for Oregon and W. T.

Agency for the Sale of

W. W. HARDING'S PHOTOGRAPH ALBUM AND FAMILY BIBLE.

THE FINEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD.

AT PUBLISHERS' PRICES.

JOHN C. HODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Stationers,

327, 329 and 331 Sansome street,

f17 SAN FRANCISCO.

J. B. CONGLE,

73 Front Street.

Saddlery-Hardware,

Saddles, Bridles,

WHIPS AND HARNESS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

SOLE AGENT FOR GUTTA PERCHA AND RUBber CARBOLIZED HOSE, which for sale at Factory prices with freight added.

REPAIRING promptly attended to.

C. S. SILLIMAN,

No. 136 First street,

IS IN RECEIPT OF A GENERAL ASSORTMENT of Merchandise, consisting in part of

BLACK AND COLORED ALPACAS,

EMPRESS CLOTH,
PLAIN and TWILLED RED FLANNEL,
WHITE FLANNEL,
FAMILY BLANKETS, B

Auction and Commission.

A. B. RICHARDSON,
AUCTIONEER
Corner of Front and Oak Streets.

AUCTION SALES
OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL CHANDLER AND HORSES.

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday.

aug26 A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer

At Private Sale.
Large assortment of GROCERIES & LIQUORS
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.
To parties declining Business this fall I will mention that I will Purchase Second Hand Furniture.
A B RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

Regular and Peremptory Sale
OF
Groceries, Dry Goods
Furniture.
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, ETC.

I will sell at my Auction Sales room,

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1873,
At 10 o'clock, A M

Groceries:

187 box C O SOAP,
50 boxs MARINE SOAP,
50 box BATH SOAP
ALSO,
38 kgs No 2 ISLAND SUGAR,
25 sks LIVERPOOL SALT,
50 chests JAPAN TEA,
ALSO,
10 gross SAFETY MATCHES,
240 lbs BARBOUR'S SHOE THREAD,
ALSO,
One Piano!
ALSO,
1 ELEGANT WALNUT BEDROOM SET, Marble Top
1 COTTAGE WALNUT BEDROOM SET
ALSO,
1 AMERICAN HORSE.
ALSO,
Parlor, Dining-room and Kitchen Furniture.
A. B. RICHARDSON Auctioneer.

Fire Insurance.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE

UNION
Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO.

The California Lloyds,
ESTABLISHED IN.....1861
NOS. 416 AND 418 CALIFORNIA ST.
Cash Capital.....$750,000 gold
Assets Exceed.....$1,000,000 coin
FAIR RATES,
PROMPT SETTLEMENT OF LOSSES,
SOLID SECURITY.
HENRY FAILING,
Resident Director at Portland, Oregon.
EDWIN D. BACKENSTOS,
General Agent.

HOME
MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE
Capital . . . $1,000,000
JOHN H. REDINGTON.....President.
GEO. H. HOWARD.....Vice President.
CHAS. R. STORY.....Secretary.
N. B. EDDY.....Marine Secretary.
H. H. McKEOWN.....General Manager.
DIRECTORS:
Oregon Branch.
PORTLAND—P. Wasserman, C. H. Lewis, B. Goldsmith, D. Maclay, Lloyd Brooke.
SALEM.....L. F. Grover
ALBANY.....J. Crawford
DALLAS.....D. M. French
LEWISTON.....J. Loewenberg
HAMILTON BOYD,
Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory.

Agency for the Sale of
W. W. HARDING'S
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS
AND
FAMILY BIBLES.
THE FINEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD
AT PUBLISHERS' PRICES.
JOHN G. HODGE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Stationers,
337, 339 and 331 Sansome street,
SAN FRANCISCO

J. B. CONGLE,
78 Front Street.
Saddlery-Hardware,
Saddles, Bridles,
WHIPS AND HARNESS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
SOLE AGENT FOR GUTTA PERCHA AND RUBBER CAROLIZED HOSE, which is for sale at San Francisco prices with freight added.
REPAIRING promptly attended to.

C. S. SILVER,
—Watches—
First street,
IS IN RECEIPT OF A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Merchandise, consisting in part of
BLACK AND COLORED ALPACCAS.
EMPRESS CLOTH,
PLAIN and TWILLED RED FLANNEL,
WHITE FLANNEL,
FAMILY BLANKETS, RED COMFORTS
CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES.
HATS and CAPS,
MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING and UNDERWEAR, etc., etc.
All of which will be sold
Cheap for Cash.
Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere

WELCH & MORGAN,
Cor. Yamhill & Front St
Manufacturers and Importers of
SADDLES, HARNESS
KERBY'S GENUINE
SANTA CRUZ HARNESS LEATHER
ALSO
Hill's Concord Team, Stage and Buggy Harness
WM. We warrant all articles, which we sell at LOWEST RATES.

G. NEIMEYER,
Fashionable Tailor
THIRD ST., BET. ALDER AND MORRISON.
ALL GOODS IMPORTED DIRECT FROM EUROPE.
Suits Cut according to Latest Fashions
EXAMINE THE STOCK.

For Honolulu!
THE A 1 CLIPPER BARKENTINE
JANE A. FALKENBURG,
T. J. FORBES, Master, will have quick dispatch for Honolulu.
For Freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board or to the undersigned.
ALLEN & LEWIS, Agents.

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEB 19, 1873

CITY.

SORT COLD WEATHER.—Yesterday a letter was shown us by Mr O S Phelps, of this city, written from Rosenthal, Iowa, under date of Jan. 26th. Alluding to the extreme cold weather of the present winter, the writer says "Our cold weather commenced here in October, and a colder winter I feel confident I never experienced. Since the first of November, it has been terrible cold. One day the thermometer stood 30° below zero, another 42° below, and quite a number of days the thermometer has ranged from 20° to 30° below zero. As near as can be ascertained, there has been upwards of 150 persons who have frozen to death this winter in Iowa and Minnesota alone, and a much greater number who have been so badly frozen that amputation of one or more limbs were necessary. The terrible snow storms come on, in this latitude, so suddenly and with such severity, the wonder is that more persons are not frozen. If the weather gets much colder in these regions, I do not know what we shall do. Our crops the past year was not very good on account of the extreme heat and rain before the crops matured. The corn crop was about two thirds as good as in previous years. The potato crops tolerable good, but the price low, ranging from 15 to 20 cents per bushel." The writer states in addition that if it is possible he will sell his farm even at a sacrifice and emigrate to a warmer climate. It requires almost all a farmer can raise in summer to last through the long and severe winters. The writer makes numerous inquiries in relation to the climate of Oregon, its prospects and resources, and concludes by saying that if he can dispose of his property he will come to this State; and intimates that numbers of other families are similarly disposed, if proper representations can be made to them.

TRADES AND PROFESSIONS.—The following is a list of the trades and professions of Portland, for which we are indebted to McCormick & Bushnell's Directory for 1873, just laid on our table: Accountants, 89; advertising agents, 3, dealers in agricultural implements, 3; architects, 5; artists, 4; attorneys at law, 67; assayer, 1, auctioneers, 2; bag manufacturers, 1; bakers, 5; bankers, 3, barbers, 20; billiard table makers, 2; bill poster, 1, blacksmiths, 8; book canvassers, 4, book binders, 3 bridge builders, 2; boiler maker, 1, book sellers and stationers, 4; boot and shoe dealers, 10, boot and shoe makers, 22, box manufacturers, 3; brokers, 7, broom maker, 1, cabinet makers, 3; confectioners, 4, carriage makers, 4, furniture dealers, 6, carvers, 2, tobacconists, 18; cider manufacturers, 3; civil engineers, 12, claim agents, 2; clothiers, 20; conveyancers, 3; dealers in crockery, 4; commission merchants, 29, contractors, 22; contractors and builders, 15, coopers, 4, coppersmith, 1; dress makers, 32, dentists, 7, druggists, 9; draughtsmen, 3; editors, 11, engravers, 4, florists, 3; furriers, 3; plumbers and gas fitters, 4, grocers, 52; gunsmiths, 2; hair dressers, 4; hardware dealers, 7; harness makers, 5, hat manufacturers, 2; hotel keepers, 23; home and real estate dealers, 12; insurance agents, 17; licensed liquor dealers, 16; saloon keepers, 65; dry goods merchants, 25; butchers, 14, lumber dealers; 11; music teachers, 17; notaries public, 63, nurses, 9; occultists and aurists, 2; optician, 1; painters, 13; photographers, 4; piano makers, 2; physicians, 27; plasterers, 9, reporters, 5, pencil cutters, 2, undertakers, 2, umbrella maker, 1; watch makers and jewelers, 12.

A GOOD MOVE.—A subscription was circulating yesterday to raise means to pay for printing a pamphlet for circulation in the East, giving information about Oregon. It is not proposed to publish a large volume, but a small pamphlet, full of information of just such character as persons would desire who contemplate removing to this country. Such a work would not cost much, and would be of great utility. Letters arrive daily from all parts of the Atlantic States, asking for such information. The best possible answer to those letters, would be to send the inquirer such a pamphlet. We understand it is proposed to print a very large edition, and let them be distributed among the contributors to the fund (or those of them who desire), in proportion to their respective contributions. Thus all who take an interest in the circulation of facts about Oregon will have it their power to do so. We are informed the proposed pamphlet is to be written by Hon. W. L. Adams. There is no man in the State better qualified for the task. This matter should receive the prompt assistance of our citizens.

CENTENNIAL CIRCULAR.—Mr. Dufur has just received a circular from the Secretary of the Centennial Commission of Philadelphia, from which we extract the following: The amended rules provide for forwarding by March 1st a transcript of the subscriptions received by the Commissioner, but he is to hold the original subject to the orders of the Board of Finance when organized. It has also been decided to require only the payment of the first installment of $2 per share at the time of subscription, and leave all other installments to be payable at the call of the Board, but not sooner than May, July, September and November, 1873. The circular says: "To insure the success of so grand and patriotic an enterprise as the Centennial Celebration of the birth of our nation, it is not too much to ask the earnest and hearty co-operation of every citizen of the land."

HEARD FROM.—A letter was received a few days ago from William Dierdorff, Jr., youngest son of the late Captain Dierdorff, who left this city several months ago, bound for Peru, in company with a number of other persons. The letter bore date of December 31st, and was written at Panama. The party, eleven in number, were all at that point, and were expecting to embark on an English steamer for Valparaiso, the following day. The writer stated that he met numbers at Panama who were returning from Peru; and that they uniformly gave gloomy accounts of railroading and the condition of the country, which is reported to be on the eve of a political revolution. However discouraging the prospects, the party were determined to proceed to their destination and ascertain for themselves as to the truth or falsity of the reports.

PORTLAND DIRECTORY.—The Portland City Directory for 1873, S. J. McCormick, compiler and publisher, has made its annual appearance as a neat and tastefully-bound volume of 300 pages. As a compendium of useful local information, and hand-book, for ready reference, it far surpasses its predecessors. The work is now in its eleventh year of publication, and we hope that the liberal patronage of the people of Portland will insure its continuance. McCormick, the indefatigable editor, has become one of the invaluable institutions of Portland. The destruction of the first manuscript of the Directory in the holocaust of December 22d, was a thorough test of the well known energy of the compiler. We are glad to be able to note the completion of the Directory, under circumstances so discouraging.

NEARLY A COLLISION.—Yesterday as the tug *Ben Holladay* was towing out a barge from the foot of Morrison street, the steamer *Marie Wilkins*, which was lying moored near by, became loosened and drifted down on the current. Steam was not up at the time, so the boat was left to the mercy of the current. She continued to drift down until a collision occurred with a barge loaded with stone, and the steamer's wheel slightly damaged by the shock. If suffered to drift at large, it would be difficult to state what further damage to the craft might have resulted, but the sheet anchor was thrown out, and the steamer brought to a stand still. A fire was built and the little craft was soon able to steam back to her landing.

AMUSEMENTS AT VANCOUVER.—Last evening the citizens of Vancouver were entertained by a repetition of an "Old Folks' Concert," the first of which was given some time ago. We learn that an "entire change of programme" was introduced, and that the occasion proved all that could be desired. The affair terminated very happily to participants, and to the numerous parties who attended.

A ball will be given at Vancouver on the evening of the 21st inst., by the young people of that place. The proceeds of the ball will be donated to charitable purposes.

A RUMOR.—Late last evening Dame Rumor was busily engaged in circulating a report to the effect that the steamer *Geo. S. Wright* was lost beyond all doubt; that the engineer and ship carpenter succeeded in reaching the shore, all the rest having perished, and that those two men had just arrived at Victoria, bringing the sad intelligence. After a diligent search we were unable to trace the report to any reliable source worthy of credit, and are therefore forced to pronounce the whole thing a wild rumor.

THE FIRST PILE.—The first pile for the new bridge across the Wallamut, was driven yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, at a point on the eastern bank of the river opposite the foot of Asylum street. Operations, we are informed, will be vigorously prosecuted without suspension until the completion of the structure.

DETAINED.—The steamer *Calliope* was detained several hours last Saturday while on her way to to this city. The detention was in consequence of the disablement of the man who operates the draw on the bridge at that place. A dispatch was sent to the railroad company's office stating that such was the case. Several persons were forwarded by train, but before the arrival of the men, the services of some hands who worked on the railroad were secured, the draw thrown open, and the steamer passed through without further delay.

HELD TO ANSWER.—William Johnson was arraigned in the Police Court yesterday morning charged with the larceny of a quantity of leather. The evidence being of a positive character, the Court held the defendant to answer before the grand jury on the charge of grand larceny in the sum of $500. Not being able to give security the defendant was committed. On the charge of petit larceny the defendant was committed to the county jail for three months.

SAMUEL'S DIRECTORY OF PORTLAND AND EAST PORTLAND, will positively be ready for delivery on Saturday, March 1st. It is the only reliable edition for 1873, having all the latest changes up to February 28th. It contains 18 fine engravings of prominent buildings of this city, and is in every respect superior to anything ever issued here. Be sure and see Samuel's Directory before purchasing any other. Price one dollar and fifty cents.

SHOULDER DISLOCATED.—One of the men who work on the bridge draw at St. Joe, met with a severe accident last Saturday. He was working at the draw with several other men, when some of the braces suddenly gave way and one end of the crane flew round and struck the man on his left shoulder, causing the dislocation of the limb. He was removed to St. Joe and his injuries carefully attended to.

BROUGHT A PRISONER.—The Sheriff of Linn county arrived in the city last evening from Washington Territory having in custody a prisoner who escaped from Albany some time ago, charged with the crime of counterfeiting. The Sheriff and his prisoner will take the train this morning for the south.

WEATHER-BOUND.—The following vessels are still lying at Astoria, weather-bound and unable to proceed across the bar. Ship *Washington*, barks *Felix Mendelssohn*, *Peone*, *Roswell Sprague*, *Sarah Scott*. The weather off the bar is very heavy and the sea very rough.

EASTERN OREGON.—A band of 84 head of cattle will be taken up on the Dalles boat this morning. This stock came from the Umpqua valley, and will be driven to the extensive grazing regions of Eastern Oregon.

NEW HOTEL COMMENCED.—Work on a large new hotel to be erected in Kalama the coming season, was begun last Saturday. The dimensions of the building we are unable to give.

WENT TO SEA.—The ship *Ajax*, in consequence of the rough bar and the heavy weather off, was not able to pass out to sea until Monday. She was detained over two days at Astoria.

LOADING.—The bark *Relenathon* is loading with fish and lumber at Westport for San Francisco, and the *Jane A. Falkenburg* is taking on a load of staves at Astoria for Honolulu.

ADJOURNED.—The County Commissioners' Court met yesterday afternoon for the transaction of business, but adjourned without any proceedings.

Window shades, cornices, curtains, picture nails, etc., also all kinds of upholstery work done at Paul Richter's.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

River recedes again.

Clear, cold and crisp.

Sixty nine streets in Portland.

Meeting of Council this evening.

Lively times in the Postoffice to-day.

Steamer arrived at 11 o'clock last evening.

Rude March winds will soon begin to whistle about our ears.

An increase of twenty six marriages last year over that of 1871.

A lot of ammunition and military stores arrived by the *Oriflamme*.

From McCormick's Directory we glean a number of statistical facts.

The brig *Orient* will sail this week from San Francisco for this port.

Healdsburg, Cal., people are indulging in fresh green peas. We will wait.

The *Manchaha* came near colliding with the Stark street ferry yesterday.

The cry for the small boat is heard nightly at either of the ferry landings.

Over eighty sacks of mail were received at the Postoffice from the steamer.

The hotel registers were well filled last evening with arrivals from the interior.

The schooner *Oregonian* sailed from San Francisco for this port on the 12th inst.

A small boy was arrested and lodged in jail on the charge of the larceny of a knife.

A grand concert for the benefit of the Young Men's Christian Association is contemplated.

The barkentine *Webfoot* arrived at Astoria on the 11th inst. Cargo—375 M feet of lumber.

We met a man yesterday who said it was extremely dull. We haven't seen his name in the paper lately.

Frank Anderson, who was arrested here a year ago for a murder committed in Sacramento, has pleaded guilty of manslaughter.

"When the stars begin to peep," is title of Maggie Moore's latest ballad, and the same has been placed on our table by DePrans.

Soon after the fire one of the "burnt outers" received among other circulars one relating to insurance—of course they came from Omaha.

Very much music in the air this evening, and each succeeding evening of the week, and to the same there will be some "double shuffling" going on.

"Sea Bass," commonly known by those who do not dine at restaurants as sturgeon, are plentiful,—in fact, fish may be considered a drug in the markets.

During last year the whole number of pupils in attendance at the public schools of the city was 1,159, average attendance, 947; classification, boys, 626, girls, 533.

Prior to the early departure of a talented amateur pianist of this city for Europe, a concert will be given in honor of the young lady by her numerous friends in this city.

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CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION.

In accordance with previous announcement, and in compliance with a generally expressed desire on the part of our citizens, Hon. A. J. Dufur delivered an address at Oro Fino Theater last evening, explaining the objects and aims of the Centennial Celebration of 1876, and the manner in which the important event will be conducted. The attendance was large, and included a number of our most prominent citizens. Several ladies were also present.

The speaker after giving the earlier history of the enterprise, stated that the Commissioners who assembled at Philadelphia last May, among many other things determined to hold the great Centennial Celebration in 1876, commencing on the 15th of April and extending to the 1st of October. The number of acres on which the celebration will be held is 2,710, lying across the Schuylkill river from Philadelphia, in what is known as Fairmount Park. The speaker then proceeded to give in minute detail the precise manner in which the grounds are to be divided, the dimensions and form of the pavilions, that each portion of the pavilion will be set apart for the numerous classes, specimens, etc., from the animal, vegetable and mineral kingdoms. Every kind of wild animal would be on exhibition, from a harmless gopher to an elephant, and of the domestic animals from a lamb to the finest short horned Durham cow. Minerals of all kinds, coal, rock and precious metals, would be assigned their appropriate places. Cereals, vegetable productions, specimens from the farm, manufactories, shops and forest, would also be given a prominent place. Arrangements would be so perfected that each State should be entitled to a place in the great pavilion, which would cover over 50 acres; and that all articles from one State would not become mixed with those of another, and thus produce confusion. Each State should be entitled to the full measure of credit she might deserve. Mr. Dufur then explained at length and with clearness the financial workings of the great national enterprise. He favored strongly the early organization of a State Society, which should devote its energies to awakening an interest, and in the collection of minerals and other specimens to be placed on exhibition. He concluded his remarks by a handsome appeal to the State, urging her active co-operation in the great national enterprise now on foot.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Every man wants a pair of boots that will not pinch the feet, and to get such foot-gear we refer the seeker for the article aforesaid to the "ad." of Brown & Co. elsewhere. They know their business.

Housekeepers, in fact all desire to procure lacteal of the first quality. For richness, commend us to Rathburn's milk, which he dispenses at 6¼ cents per quart on call.

AMUSEMENTS.

A grand instrumental and vocal concert will be given at the Masonic Hall on Wednesday evening, 26th inst. The object of the concert is to liquidate the present indebtedness of the Young Men's Christian Association. A number of well known vocal and instrumental amateurs of the city have volunteered their services for the occasion. The entire affair will be under the directorship of Prof. J B Wyatt.

FOREIGN NOTES.

There were over 11,000 persons sentenced to imprisonment for drunkenness in England and Wales last year.

Richard Spencer, hanged on January 8th at Kirkdale, England, for the murder of his mistress, was born in jail, and his father was hanged for murder.

One of the three ablest journals in all India is written by Hindoos, and wields a rapidly increasing influence both among Englishmen and natives.

The horse on which the Earl of Cardigan rode, when he led the famous charge of the Light Brigade, has just died, aged 30. He survived his gallant master four years.

The English Republicans have invented an ensign. It is to be green, white and blue, the first to stand for the fertile earth, the white for purity, the blue for the sky, beneath which all men are equal.

Le Temps has advices from Spain showing that the Government is operating against the Carlists in the North with twenty-seven battalions of infantry of the regular army and a proportionate amount of cavalry and artillery, and 6,000 or 7,000 volunteers and gens d'armes. The Carlists are active in the neighborhood of Segovia and Estella. The city of Saragossa is virtually blockaded. The insurgents master the surrounding country. Calaquor, a fortified town, is also threatened by a force under Tristany. Nine hundred insurgents are before Junoera. Fresh bands have appeared in Arragon. The Carlist leaders are beginning to act in concert and are rapidly perfecting their organization.

The gas companies of London during 1871, received from their customers $11,020,530 for gas and $2,141,415 for residual products, making a total of $13,167,735. The year's bills paid for gas for public lighting amounted to $1,155,600. There are ten companies supplying London with gas. The two most important, the "Gas Light and Coke Company" and the "Imperial Gas Light Company," together, furnish a supply of one half of the gas used in London.

A young man who heard Kate Stanton lecture on the "Loves of Great Men" the other night, found a half pint of peanuts which he designed presenting to the choice of his heart to be, no matter of-fact, so gross and solid, in fact, that he took them back and had his money refunded. Thus do we see that there is a chord in every breast susceptible of the finest sentiment when touched by a master hand.

THE KILKENNY CATS.—Here's the whole story done up in verse:

There was two cats in Kilkenny,
Each thought there was one cat too many,
So they quarrelled and fit,
They scratched and they bit,
Until, very soon, there wasn't any.

During the late storms, seven children going home from school, lost their way and were frozen to death between Sleepy Eye Lake and Golden Gate, Brown county, Mich.

GLORIOUS NEWS! GLORIOUS NEWS!—The popular and largest Clothing House in the State escaped the great fire, and will therefore sell for the next sixty days their goods at such low rates as to give all a chance to invest, rich or poor. Call and satisfy yourself, as we mean what we say above, and no humbug about it.
J. KOHN & CO.,
91, Front St., Portland.

MARTIN, C M, holds himself in readiness to forward all orders for anything in his line, to all quarters of the city. He is bound to keep ahead in everything and to satisfy yourself in the matter, call on him at his new location, corner of Yamhill and First streets. If he can't furnish you with the article you desire, then you can reckon on not getting it in the city. His prices have been adjusted to suit all classes. Take a peep at the stock in store and fail not to stop to-night. Prompt attention will be paid to your wants.

Not every one can be President, but all can buy BLEVER TIPPED Shoes for their children, and thereby lessen their shoe bills two to three.
For sale by all Dealers.

Neglect everything, or anything except a cough or cold. A year's suffering, and too often death itself, may be the result of one day's inattention to troubles of the throat or lungs. Volumes would not contain the cases of testimony that could be given relating to the cures effected by DR WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

By the Circular Pamphlet which the New York Advertising Agents, Messrs Geo P. Rowell & Co., issue for the use of advertisers, much information is conveyed about the best advertising mediums.

In the Golden Age of Girlhood preserve the beauty of the teeth with SOZODONT, and then when the hair is silvered and the eyes dimmed with years, the mouth will still reveal two glittering rows of unsullied ivory. It

To protect the understanding of humanity, nothing there is like heart or fastened together by CAHILL SCREW WIRE. Boots and Shoes made in this way never rip or come apart.

HOLLOWAY'S VERMIFUGE CONFECTIONS
Are the most effective remedy for those pests of childhood Worms. All Physicians approve of them. They are pleasant to take, and safe and reliable in all cases.
Sold at 25 cents per box
JOHN NEWMAN & CO., Druggists San Francisco.
Agents for Pacific Coast.

J. H. BRENNER,
Professor of Music!
Lessons given on the PIANO, VIOLIN and ORGAN, also to classes.
Music furnished for Parties and Balls.
Orders left at Gray's Music Store, Residence cor Sixth and Stark streets.

Dickey's Creme de Lis.—For cleansing and preserving the Teeth, Beautifying the Complexion, and removing Freckles, Eruptions, Sunburn and Tan. A new combination, equal to the best French preparations, and free from their poisonous ingredients. Invented by Geo S. Dickey, Chemist.
a24dlm1m

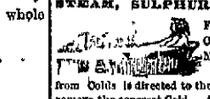
The District School.

A FICTION FOUNDED ON MANY FACTS, AND THE SHADOW OF MANY REALITIES.

Once upon a time there was a school district. Now, this of itself is nothing remarkable; still, by all who knew aught of it, this was known to be an "uncommon deestrict;" a mighty "deestrict," so that in speaking to another about it, one would either shake his head mysteriously and become strangely interested in the weather, or else a "scornful laugh laughed he." Now, what was it? Was it owing to the fact that the stupendous power of steam was here curbed and trammeled, that here the fretting, fuming, spluttering iron horse's maddest efforts to go further on his wild career were futile, while his furious nostrils seethed forth their steamy strength, or wailed their dolorous requiem over the baffled hopes of night? Not that. Was it owing to the fact that here, also, man exhibited his supernatural powers in snatching the fiery lighting from the clouds, and sending it forth to do his capricious bidding? Not that. Was it owing to the fact that dame nature here "smile a favoring smile," as she, flying gaily past on the rapid wings of time, laved the "deestrict's" feet with the rippling waters of the "gem of the West," also raising its Eastern head that all parts alike might rejoice in seeing the gleaming silvery fringe? That here the imaginative might bask in the luxury of contemplation, and gaze across its waters upon the busy hum of city life, or flash his thoughts down the placid stream till it, uniting with its mightier sister, was swallowed where the grand Pacific, indolently unconscious of its overwhelming power, lazily slapped the shrinking land? Not that; for though true, such things, wonders in themselves, shrank gladly into obscurity before the "bigness" of the pretentates who condescended there to live,—just as the mild moon and twinkling stars turn pale and disappear before the brilliant sun. They were, too, Pansophilus and Nilsophfer, and the greater of these was Pansophilus. With a magnanimity only equaled by their other good qualities, they had not denied the perhaps thankless, at least unappreciative, world, the blessings of posterity. To secure a tutor from the *genus homo*, capable of training aright the intellects of those noble scions of their houses, was the philosopher's stone, ardently and persistently sought for by both, particularly the greater. But how hopeless! For with an innate modesty corresponding with their intelligence ($), and a soft innocence, touching in its nature, their efforts went no higher than to secure only such teachers as were qualified to impart instruction to *ordinary* mortals. More than that, enclosed within the same walls, breathing the same air, receiving light through the same windows, and assembled ostensibly to acquire the same learning, were the children of ordinary mortals! Allowing such a thing to exist is striking evidence of room for toleration in the greatest mind. The fact of there being no choice in the matter was timely urged by some as a probable reason, but the last vestige of the rocking untruth was hastily dried up by the rays of the heat and power from the greater. However, there they were, and the thoughtless teacher in an unaccountable spirit of recklessness, would often devote a portion of his time to these common ones—when it was possible—at that very moment one of the aforesaid scions was in a humor to learn something. Again he would establish a rule which he considered necessary to the maintenance of discipline or furtherance of education, and this being defiantly violated by one of those scions, the teacher would, after unavailing remonstrance, deliberately proceed to *punish* said culprit, never stopping in his criminal opinionativeness to consider that possibly the scion may not have approved of the rule! In view of such proceedings, is it to be wondered at that teacher after teacher, with a pertinacity worthy of a better cause, exultingly attempting the position, invariably and ignominiously failed? At last came one who figuratively walked with his head under his elbows, in wholesome dread of injuring his neighbors with knocks, and who sagaciously saw the cause of such chronic failures. Day after day he struggled on, and the school prospered. Even the most timid scholar would raise his little voice, unterrified by criticism, or laughing ridicule—because it could not be heard. The teacher told he children they were good and smart, and learning rapidly. They smiled approvingly, and testified their guiltless glee by the California sentiment: "Paper wads are the root of popular addication." He told the anxious parents likewise, and the general visage relaxed, and beams of contentment stole joyously over it. But the unwise part of the people murmured, and that continually, until the noise of the murmurings reached even to the gates of Pansophilus and Nilsophfer; and they were constrained to put him away. "He is a great and good man," sighed Pansophilus, a large tear stealing from the inside corner of his right eye. "He is a great and good man," sobbed Nilsophfer, a lonely tear rising in the outside corner of his left eye. "But he must go," said Pansophilus. "Yaas," said Nilsophfer—what would have been illiteracy in another being but the bubblings of his emotional nature. They parted. Another teacher came. But soon, though none too soon, he stumbled. Believing a schism to be uttering an untruth, he met with obstinate adherence to it. Though five others testified against him, "Young America" still bloomed. The teacher punished him. The next teacher came, and wilfully persisted in mispronouncing words. He was repeatedly told of his errors by the scions, but by a blind fatality he adhered to what was wrong, simply because he was supported by an outsider "behind the scenes"—the standard lexicographer! "Why can we not get the great and good man?" said Pansophilus. "Why?" echoed Nilsophfer. And they got him. And the dishes were washed, and the bread was baked, and there were music and dancing, and there will be more of them when they have learned the elements.

ZULU.

STEAM, SULPHUR, VAPOR BATHS.



For the cure of COUGHS, COLDS, RHEUMATISM and MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS
The attention of sufferers from Colds is directed to these Baths, as one or two will remove the severest Cold. Also,
Warm, Cold and Shower Baths.
Steam or Vapor Baths, $1 00. Warm Baths, 50 cents.
LUDWIG WILHELM, Proprietor,
Wiegand's Old Stand,
Washington street, near Front.

GLORIOUS NEWS! GLORIOUS NEWS!—The popular and largest Clothing House in the State escaped the great fire, and will therefore sell for the next sixty days their goods at such low rates as to give all a chance to invest, rich or poor. Call and satisfy yourself, as we mean what we say above, and no humbug about it.
J. KOHN & CO.,
91, Front St., Portland.

An Easy Way to Health.

The appetite is generally keener in winter than in summer, but the same low temperature which begets an increased desire for food is apt to decrease the ability of the stomach to digest it. The most aggravated cases of acute dyspepsia occur at this season, and the best, and, in fact, the only way to control and cure them, is to stimulate and tone the stomach and invigorate and regulate the secretive and discharging organs. To do this promptly, safely and thoroughly (without involving any change in the ordinary habits of the invalid), a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will be necessary. In order to accomplish a radical cure of indigestion, it is not enough to influence the organs of digestion. The liver, the intestines, the circulation, every organ and every secretion concerned in the work of assimilating the food and in carrying off the waste matter of the system, must be brought into a natural condition. Upon all these functions of the living machinery, the great vegetable medicine, which stands at the head of all modern restoratives, acts powerfully and beneficially. The feeble should take at least one dose daily at all seasons of the year, and it may be taken with great benefit twice a day by all who are predisposed to dyspepsia, biliousness or nervous attacks. Ladies will find it a very present help in the latter class of complaints, and indeed in all the ailments incident to the sex.

PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL,
THE PEOPLE'S DOCTOR, cures Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Stiff Joints, Lame Back, Paralysis, Pleurisy, Lumbago, Pain in the Breast and Sides, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Sore Throat, Colic, Cramp, Cholic Morbus, Diarrhœa, Pains in the Stomach and Bowels, and all internal and external aches and pains.
PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL
speaks for itself, and time and use have proved it the best remedy in the world for the above complaints—Price, small size, fifty cents large, one dollar per bottle. Ask for PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL.

BLOOD! BLOOD!
THE RIVER OF LIFE. Keep the ruby current clean and pure; get rid of Boils, Blotches, Pimples, Pustules, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, and all eruptions and disorders arising from impure blood, by using
PRATT'S NEW LIFE.
Keep your liver active and your bowels regular; cure FEVER and AGUE, Sick Headache, Piles and Dyspepsia, with the Great Blood and Liver Remedy, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. Price, one dollar; for sale by all druggists.
A. McNOYLE & CO., Druggists and Chemists,
a24dlp6m San Francisco, Sole Proprietors.

PLANTATION BITTERS!
S. T.—1860—X.
This wonderful vegetable restorative is the shoot-anchor of the feeble and debilitated. As a tonic and cordial for the aged and languid it has no equal among stomachics. As a remedy for the nervous weakness to which women are especially subject, it is superseding every other stimulant. In all climates, tropical, temperate or frigid, it acts as a specific in every species of disorder which undermines the bodily strength and breaks down the animal spirits.

Beautiful Woman.
HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM gives to the
Complexion the Freshness of Youth.
HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM overcomes the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. It makes the lady of forty appear but twenty, and so natural and perfect that no person can detect its application. By its use the roughest skin is made to rival the pure radiant texture of youthful beauty. It removes redness, blotches and pimples. It contains nothing that will injure the skin in the least.
MAGNOLIA BALM is used by all fashionable ladies in New York, London and Paris. It costs only 75 cents per Bottle, and is sold by all Druggists and Perfumers.

Wants.
Wanted,
RAGS, OLD PAPER, ROPE, CANVAS AND JUNK in general, for which I will pay the highest price.
Save Up and Make Yourself Rich.
I will call, or you can send to my warehouse, Salmon street, between Front and First.
ROBT. LAWSAN.

To Let.
For Rent,
TWO NEAT COTTAGES, CONVENIENT to business.
TO LEASE.—Several small farms near this city. LANDS and TIMBER for sale. Terms to suit the times. Apply to me at the Law Office of Marquam & Deal, No. 145 Front St.
P. A. MARQUAM.
dec31tf

For Sale.
FOR SALE!
The Iron Front of the Store
Formerly occupied by S. J. McCormick.
Front 25 Feet Wide, with four Doors.
Apply to O. M. WIBERG, 141 Front st., Up Stairs.

For Sale,
TWO DOGS, USED FOR THREE YEARS IN the Cariboo country to work in a sleigh. They are quiet and gentle and either of them could haul over one hundred pounds, and could be used to haul a child's wagon. One is large and woolly, of Russian breed; the other is a half-breed shepherd dog. Both are good hunters and watch dogs. They may be seen and bargained for (one or both) at the White Bear Hotel, Front street, corner of Ash.
fl3dd6t

FOR SALE!
A Fry Press,
A Table Safe,
About 1,200 pounds.
WILL SELL CHEAP FOR CASH!
OR EXCHANGE for HAY or PRODUCE.
Apply to EVERDING & FARRELL,
150 FRONT St., Portland.

Largest Organ Establishment in the World.
SEVEN EXTENSIVE FACTORIES!
J. ESTEY & COMPANY,
Brattleboro, Vt., U. S. A.
THE CELEBRATED
ESTEY COTTAGE ORGANS
THE LATEST AND BEST IMPROVEMENTS.
EVERYTHING THAT IS NEW AND NOVEL—the leading improvements in organs were introduced first in this establishment.
Established 1846.
SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.
Wholesale Agency for the Pacific Coast,
138 Montgomery st., San Francisco, Cal.
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CHEAP YEAST POWDER!
D. CALLAGHAN
HAS ENLARGED HIS YEAST POWDER FACTORY, and is now selling
Donnelly's Cal. Premium Yeast Powder,
At 31c per Grdse.
A large Stock of
DONNELLY'S CREAM TARTAR, and
DONNELLY'S SODA and SALERATUS
Is now offered to the Trade at REDUCED RATES.
For sale everywhere. D. CALLAGHAN, Prop'r,
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LUMBER! LUMBER!
ST. HELENS MILL COMPANY,
FRONT, bet. YAMHILL AND TAYLOR.
(Office at Tuttle's Agricultural Implement Depot,)
ORDERS RECEIVED AND PROMPTLY FILLED.
OUR YARDS AT FOOT OF YAMHILL AND AT THE corner of Sixth and Alder, are again well supplied with all kinds of
Dressed and Undressed Lumber.
A GO

In Spite of Pa.

Oh! she was a maid of laughing eye,
And she lived in a garret cold and high,
And he was a threadbare, whiskered beau,
And he lived in a cellar damp and low.

But the rosy boy of the cherub wing
Has many a shaft in his slender string,
And the youth below and the maiden above
Were touched with the flashing darts of love.

And she would wake from her troubled sleep
O'er his tender billet doux to weep,
Or stand like a statue bright and fair
And gaze on a lock of his bright red hair

And he who was so tall and proud,
With his step so firm and his laugh so loud,
His board grew long and his face grew thin
And he pined in solitude over his gin.

But one soft night in the month of June,
As she lay in the light of a cloudless moon,
A voice came floating, soft and clear,
To the startled maiden's listening ear.

Oh! then, from her creaking conch she sprung,
And her tangled tresses back she flung;
She looked from the window far below,
And he stood beneath, her whiskered beau

She did not start with a foolish frown,
But packed her trunk and scampered down
And there was her lover, tall and true,
In his threadbare coat of the brightest blue.

The star that rose in the evening shade
Looked sadly down on the weeping maid,
The sun that came in the morning pride
Shed golden light o'er a laughing bride.

Dr. Stone on Credit Mobiliers.

From a report in the San Francisco *Call* of the 10th, we take the following extract. Dr. Stone took for his text a passage from I Tim., vi. 9–10, "They that will be rich, fall into temptation and a snare, and into many foolish and hurtful lusts, which drown men in destruction and perdition. For the love of money is the root of all evil:"

Dr. Stone sketched a court-room, the Judge holding the balance of justice aloft in one hand, while the other "protruded behind from under the official robe," and was mysteriously filled with gold by "shadowy hands." The borders of this picture he described as adorned with representations of jury boxes, the juries in which are also being subjected to mysterious influences. In the same manner a popular election was illustrated; next a Board room—the Directors engaged in "watering" stock; next "a piece of machinery"—huge, complicated and very elaborate. Under this figure Dr. Stone described the scandalous operations of the Credit Mobilier, and then, passing on, said:

There is a western coloring on the next picture, an interior lake, plains covered with sage brush, the snowy summits of the Sierras, the soft California sky, and the glimmer of the vast Pacific sea, and the iron highway reappears, and it is a splendid work of art.

OUR PACIFIC COAST CREDIT MOBILIER.

But the proprietors maintain a curious position. They stand astride of the road, leaning now to this side and now to that. And as they lean to the one side or the other they undergo a strange transformation. Resting on one foot they are railroad directors and managers and builders, and they are then hungry and naked and destitute, and in want of all things, and stretch out pining hands for charity. Resting on the other, presto! they are a Finance and Contract Committee, and they are clothed in purple and fine linen, and fare sumptuously every day, and their eyes stand out with fatness. Looking narrowly you see that all the debts of the great work are on one side, and all the profits on the other. It has been a difficult and costly work—the debts show that. The average charges have amounted to

$136,000 PER MILE,

and yet not altogether unremunerative, as you step across the rail and contemplate the happy condition of those who wrought the task. It is another case of "doubles." An instance perhaps of obedience to the scriptures that the left hand should not know what the right hand was doing. This is the new volume of American public morals. It has been a long time in press, but it is out at last. It is

FULL OF LESSONS FOR YOUNG MEN,

and for early ambition. It teaches the aspirants for success the short and royal road to great fortunes. Its supreme counsel is: "Don't dig, or slave, or starve yourselves to save from the slender margins of slow and honest earnings, put your hand deep into the public pocket or somebody else's pocket, and take what you can grasp." It asks, "Haven't you got something to sell—a little matter of private opinion, or principle; a trifle of personal influence, a vote, or some other loose property? The market prices are good!" It suggests: "You need not have scruples; you need not hide your head, you need not blush; you need not fear reproach or shame. Its the way of the hour; these are 'all honorable men' that practice it; just make your bargain and take the proceeds." Is there no help for this state of things? Are we silently to acquiesce in it? Are we to send our boys to this school of morality to learn the lore of life? Are we to drop down together into this mass of rottenness?

THE PRESS.

Let, said Dr. Stone, the press be faithful to its high calling, sifting and ventilating all suspicious public transactions, and laying open their dark interior to the light of day. I greatly honor the press for what it is doing in the way of such a shifting. If we are entering upon a era of reform, we owe it to the fidelity of the press more than to all other influences. It has refused to be muzzled. It calls for investigation. It goes after the public wrong—a Nemesis that will not be turned from the track till it has run its game to earth. The newspaper is more feared to day in congressional halls and the high places of corruption and villainy than laws and courts, the stings of conscience and the thunders of Divine wrath. God is a great way off, and the judgment waits; but the ubiquitous reporter thrusts his sharp gaze into all covert and hidden schemes, an unerring detective. The pestilent spy will tell all he sees; tell it on the house-tops; print it for a nation of readers. Good! Give us more of this! Long live the reporter! Let every public man who meditates a little piece of gainful fraud understand that he is "shadowed" at each step by this unbought espionage, and though he may not be converted, he will be restrained.

Dr. Stone concluded by saying that the people have it in their power to elect honest men to office, and to keep them there, and that a little radical religious teaching would do no harm.

A BOARDING-SCHOOL STORY.—Everybody tells boarding-school stories. The following is among the few that are worth telling:

In an Episcopal boarding-school, a few years since, the scholars and teachers were assembled for morning prayer. The reading and singing were over, and all were resuming their seats, when one of the young ladies, of a very short and thick stature, missing her chair, seated herself with a "thud" on the floor. Nobody smiled. All were too decorous for that. The fallen one, embarrassed into the momentary loss of common sense, retained her lowly seat, opened her prayer-book, and appeared to be earnestly engaged in examining its contents. This was almost too much for her companions, and a smile began to struggle on many a fair countenance, when the rector rose and commenced reading the first morning lesson. He read from the fifth chapter of Amos, as follows: "The virgin of Israel has fallen; she shall no more rise: she is forsaken upon her land: there is none to raise her up." This was too much; the voice of the rector trembled as he looked up and saw the fallen virgin; the scholars turned red in their faces, and the exercises were brought to a hasty close."

BRYANT AND THE GREELEY MONUMENT.—Wm. Cullen Bryant does not desire to have his name connected with the Greeley monument enterprise. The *Evening Post* of January 31st says: "The name of Bryant appears among the signatures to an address published in this morning's *Tribune* with the heading of 'The Greeley Monument.' As Bryant never signed this address, never authorized any person to give it his signature, and never either saw it or heard it until it appeared in print this morning, he regards the use of his name as a great impertinence, and desires that in all subsequent publications of the address in question, by any journal, his name may be omitted."

A brilliant Dashaway did not clean the snow from his sidewalk. He pinched his wife until she screamed, and his neighbors trod down the snow for him.

GENERAL NOTES AND NEWS.

An Irish-trick—Pa-trick.

Disciples of Knox—Prize-fighters.

"Capital" affairs—National loans.

English farmers are gloomy on account of the wet.

The Courts in Ohio granted 1,026 divorces last year.

England levies duties on less than five hundred articles at present.

The British Government declines to assist in fitting out an Arctic expedition.

School teachers in Plymouth, Mass., are allowed $2 a week for board, and paupers $2 35.

The New York *Evening Post* speaks of Louis Napoleon as "the great European Tweed."

Louis Philippe and Louis Napoleon, the last two rulers of France, both died in England.

Honest farmers in Iowa fill ducks with water and let them freeze before taking them to market.

St. Louis has a man who allows his property to be advertised in the delinquent tax list merely to get his name in the paper.

A mathematician says that if Kansas was as densely peopled as Massachusetts it would contain a population of 17,000,000.

Prof. Agassiz says that "trilobites are not any more closely related to the phyllopods than to any other entomostracans or to the isopod."

From the Cape of Diamond fields there is news of the finding of a stone weighing 288 carats, not, however, perfect either in make or color.

The Pennsylvania Legislature will be asked to pay $1,000,000 toward the cost of the Centennial Commission in 1876, and Philadelphia another $500,000.

Fayette, Mo., promises to be a great salt producing city. One well just sunk there flows with such force as to carry the brine forty feet above the surface.

John P. Hale is a confirmed paralytic, and has softening of the brain. He cannot leave his room, and will not probably live a great while. He is nearly sixty-seven years old.

A wise old gentleman who knew all about it, on retiring from business, gave the following sage advice to his son and successor: "Common sense, my son, is valuable in all kinds of business, except love-making."

They have ice at St. Paul fourteen feet thick. This excites the local jealousy of Duluth, which boasts that it is so cold there that a feather bed has been frozen as stiff as a poker. The controversy is a warm one, at any rate.

A man at Eddyville, Ky., aged 60 years, has just been married to his seventh wife, who is only 22. He has been married eight times, having been married twice to his second wife, owing to a mistake made by the clerk who issued the license.

A man and woman have died lately in North Falmouth, Mass., from the results of vaccination. The former's arm began to swell in four hours from the time of vaccination, in twenty-four hours he became delirious, and within a week he died.

The silver medal of the Royal Humane Society has been presented by his Excellency the Governor of Australia to Chas. Alfred Smith, a boy of nine years of age who jumped into the Yarra at Abbotsford, in December last, and saved the life of his younger brother at the risk of his own.

Cincinnati is excited by revelations of the fact that the detectives of that city have been patrons and partners in a burglary, and that one of them tried to realize on his part of the "swag" by sending a friend to notify the agent of the owner that it could be recovered if he were well paid for it.

An English newspaper, speaking of the large amount of coal imported from the United States into the United Kingdom, thinks it probable that eventually a system of iron steam colliers of large tonnage will carry United States coal to all parts of the world. Some vessels now loading for the export trade have a capacity of 4,000 tons.

A bill now before the Senate of Michigan provides that no opinion or impression formed by a juror upon the knowledge of the facts, shall be a sufficient ground of challenge, if the juror will declare on oath that he believes he can render an impartial verdict, according to the evidence submitted on the trial. The number of peremptory challenges is increased to twenty on each side.

Counting the Electoral Vote.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—This being the day for the ceremony of counting the Electoral votes for President and Vice President, the Senate and House of Representatives met at 1 P. M. in joint session, in the Hall of the House. Vice President Colfax called the joint session to order, and announcing the business before them, began by opening the sealed packages containing the certificate of the Governor of Maine as to the persons chosen as Electors of that State, together with the certificate of the Electors, and handed the same to the tellers. Senator Sherman thereupon read the certificate of Electors showing that the vote of that State was given for U. S. Grant for President, and Henry Wilson for Vice President. The same ceremony was enacted with regard to the State of New Hampshire, when it was ordered that instead of reading the certificate in full, the tellers should simply announce the result of the vote of each State.

When Georgia was reached, Mr. Beck announced the vote for President, B. G. Brown, 6; Greeley, 3; Chas. S. Jenkins, (Ga.) 2; for Vice President, Brown, 5; Colquitt, (Ga.) 5; and Banks, 1.

Hoar objected to counting the three votes for Greeley, as he had died at the time the electors assembled; therefore he was not a person within the meaning of the Constitution.

The Vice President read the rule requiring that in case of any question arising in the vote that the two Houses shall separate and vote upon the point.

At the suggestion of Senator Conkling, Hoar's objection was withheld temporarily, as it was likely that other questions would arise, and they might all be disposed of at the same time.

On the certificate from Mississippi being read, Senator Trumbull objected to its being counted, on the ground that the certificate of the electors failed to state if they voted by ballot.

Mr. Potter objected to one of the votes of Mississippi on the ground that one elector was substituted for another who was absent.

The Senate then withdrew to its chamber to consider the point raised.

The House then by a vote of 102 to 74 adopted a resolution that the votes of Georgia cast for Greeley, be not counted.

A resolution that the vote of the elector for Mississippi be counted was also overruled by the House.

In the meantime, the Senate on its return to its chamber, declared by 44 to 19 that the votes of Georgia for Greeley, be counted.

Senator Trumbull withdrew his objection to counting the vote of Mississippi, and Potter's objection was voted down.

The Senate having returned to the Hall of the House, the joint session was resumed, and when the certificates of the votes of Texas were read, Senator Trumbull objected to their reception, on the grounds that there was no certificate by the Executive authority of the State, that the persons who voted for President and Vice President, had been appointed electors.

Mr. Dickey also objected, because it appeared that there was no legal majority of electors, only four of the original electors having been present, and they had undertaken to fill the places of the four absent ones.

The Senate withdrew, and the House overruled the objections of Senator Trumbull and Mr. Dickey, and decided that the vote of Texas be counted, and the Senate took similar action.

The joint session was again resumed, and the Vice President, on presenting the certificates of the State of Arkansas, stated that he had received a copy of 11th December, and the Secretary of State received a copy 2d January, 1873, and that on the 4th or 5th of February he received by an uncommissioned messenger what purported to be a certificate, which was wholly informal, and was so treated by him.

Senator Rice objected to the reception of the vote of Arkansas, on the ground, first that the official returns of the election of Arkansas were not made according to the laws of said State, and that the persons certified by the Secretary of State as elected were not elected. Second, because the returns read by the teller were not legally certified.

Senator Edmunds moved that the vote of Arkansas be not counted, they wanting the Governor's certificate. Adopted.

A resolution by Senator Carpenter that the votes of Louisiana be not counted was adopted.

The Senate at 5:50 again proceeded to the Hall of the House, and Senator Rice objected to the vote of Arkansas being counted, on account of the returns not being certified according to law.

The Senate at 6:15 withdrew, and the House defeated a motion for recess till to morrow, and voted to receive the vote of Arkansas.

On motion of Mr. Garfield the returns from Louisiana were rejected.

The Senate again returned, and the Vice President announced the votes of Arkansas and Louisiana excluded, and declared that U. S. Grant, having a majority of the electoral votes, was duly elected President for four years, and Henry Wilson Vice President for four years.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

TUESDAY EVENING, Feb. 18, 1873.

Gold in New York to-day, 114.

Portland Legal Tender rates, 87½c buying; 88c, selling.

Gold bars are quotable at 800 fine

Wheat in Liverpool—12s 1d@12s 3d, club 12s 6d@13s 2d.

The subject of finances is one which, in a city the size of Portland, affords but little matter for review. The rates at which funds are loaned vary with the circumstances of the particular transaction. This is especially true of contracts made on the street, the banks having more established rates and furnishing money only on prime paper. Speculation is not a peculiarity of our business men, of which fact we have evidence in the present sound financial basis upon which they stand, after the severe monetary crisis through which they have passed.

The confidence of the general public in the approach of a more comfortable condition of the money market is becoming more extensively felt and more permanently settled. Men who can offer reliable security would experience much less difficulty in obtaining funds now than they would have met two months ago.

Market Quotations.

We have before expressed regret that the standard of prices in our city was not established in some way, as it would relieve those who have to furnish quotations to the public through the press, of a great measure of responsibility. We should be glad to give the terms of every important transaction in matters of general interest, as such terms, if known, would throw more light on the subject of our market than anything else. Yet as a matter of course, if individuals see fit to make the terms of a contract private, we have no legitimate right to complain of them. Our object in reviewing the market from day to day is to impart such information as we may be able to gather from conversations with dealers, and so keep our readers posted in regard to the general condition of commercial affairs. As matters now stand, the quotations of many articles for one day may not be good for the next, and one man may, for certain commodities, willingly pay a price which another in the same business would be loth to offer. Thus if A, who deals in bacon, has a large amount on hand and the market is flat, he is not likely to be as willing a purchaser as B, if the latter sees where he can place the proposed purchase on advantageous terms. This illustration will also serve to show the difficulty in arriving at exact values of any articles in the market, and how impossible it is to harmonize conflicting quotations which dealers furnish.

Wheat and Tonnage.

The great surplus of wheat which Oregon raised last year and which it is expected will be increased the present year, and the high freights which have prevailed to take off all the profit to the producer, render the proper consideration of these quotations a matter of paramount importance to our people, of all classes. We stated in substance long ago, that we were in possession of figures which very clearly showed that exporters who were not ship owners were really reaping less profit in proportion to their investment this season than at any former time, notwithstanding the low prices which have prevailed throughout the State. The reason can be given in a few words. Many vessels have in other years carried cargoes from here to England for $15, and some as low as $13 per ton. This season we are assured not a ship has been chartered to load wheat from this port for less than $25 per ton. An ordinary ship of the class coming here will carry 1,200 tons of wheat. Thus it will be seen that for each ship coming here this season $1,200, more must be paid than it has generally cost. The advance in charters is not confined to our port alone, but is experienced in a greater or less degree everywhere. We are not of those who believe that speculators have been the parties who were to blame for the low price of Wheat, for were it necessary we might place figures before the reader to show that the profit on each bushel of Wheat shipped this season is less than for any previous year in which Oregon has had any Wheat to ship. The charges, commissions, etc., outside of the carriage, have not been higher this year than usual, while the enhanced cost of carriage has been the sole cause of low prices. Various plans have been devised, and various theories advanced to remedy this evil. Some of them are doubtless visionary and impracticable, but nevertheless we are glad that those questions are being so extensively agitated, because in every agitation of any question, truth and correct principles will be evolved. There is no doubt that one of the main features of our exports hereafter will be our Wheat crop, and every measure which tends to enhance the price to be received by the farmer, is so much gain to the wealth of the State, though it may lessen the aggregate of the cash which pours into the purse of the foreign ship owner, never to return here.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—We are informed that the 20,000 bushels purchased last Saturday were to help make up cargoes for the Northumbria and Gemion, both of which vessels are now in port, having arrived on rather better time than those preceding them this month. We think more will be required to complete the cargoes for the ships named, but, judging from the amount now reaching tidewater, not a large proportion. Advices from San Francisco yesterday denoted rather a better feeling in that market, but quotations were given at about the same figures as before. The California quotations which we receive by telegraph are different than the bond in the dailies of San Francisco of the corresponding dates, as is evinced by marking the comparison. Liverpool quotations appear to be steady. Our home market is without change. We learn to day that 2,500 bushels were offered at $1 20 ₩ cental, but found no takers. Buyers still maintain the quotations above $1 20, which is the rate paid for ordinary lots.

FLOUR—The market is devoid of animation, receipts continuing about at an average, though some of our State mills are running on short time. Our flour, as may be seen by reference to good authorities in commercial matters, is still held at high figures both in San Francisco and Eastern markets, notwithstanding there appears to be some parties who seize upon every pretext, no matter of how flimsy a nature, to render it unpopular. Of such a nature was the telegram sent from San Francisco three or four days ago, to the effect that certain brands were offered at a low rate to less than cash rates. We note, however, that the most reliable commercial writers at the Bay usually (nearly always, in fact,) quote "Oregon flour at current rates." Our market is unchanged from quotations last given.

OATS—The receipts seem to be falling off, but as the demand is apparently less, prices remain firm, but no indications of any advance in sight. Buyers are now paying 53@60c ₩ bushel, sacked, the latter being freely given for choice lots. The call for shipping is likely to be rather less than heretofore, as but little time will elapse before those requiring seed will have secured all necessary for the season.

HEED—Prices of timothy rather inclined to weaken assuming advance, but owing to the fact that the stocks in the hands of dealers are now, as they have generally been throughout the season, smaller than average, we are not likely to witness any heavy decline. Bran is quotable at $10@18 ₩ ton, shorts $27 50@30, and chops and middlings at $30@33, the last figure for jobbers' selling prices.

HAY—There is but little demand, except for local consumption, and the market is supplied in adequate quantities, while it is quotable firm at $10@19 for timothy. Wild sells slowly at $8@10 ₩ ton.

POTATOES—Dullness pervades the market notwithstanding receipts so far during the week have been rather less than for the same time last. The demand for local use continues good for choice varieties at 40@45c ₩ bushel, while common qualities are much lower.

ONIONS—The prices paid are 2½@3c ₩ lb; jobbing at a slight advance. The receipts are fair for the season.

APPLES—The trade is fair, and dealers are willing to purchase choice lots, boxed, ready for shipment at 85@90c ₩ box. From wagons common varieties are sold at 50@60c.

BUTTER—The market is but little if any better, sales for all except the very best for table use being exceedingly hard to effect, and prices are wide in range. Common country, quotable at 15@27c ₩ lb.

CHEESE—The supply and wants have slightly fallen off from the average of last, but rates are without important change. Dealers are paying about 20 c ₩ dozen.

BACON—The market is abundantly supplied, and except brands which have secured a uniformly good reputation among buyers, there is but little call.

LARD—We quote the market dull at 10@11c ₩ lb in kegs, and 11@12c in tins. Advices denote slow sale of Oregon bacon and lard in San Francisco.

HIDES—Considerable activity is manifested, and shippers are purchasing freely at current rates. Dry, quotable at 15c ₩ lb; salted, 7@8c green, 6¾@7c.

Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO Feb. 18.—Flour—The Panama steamer to-day carried 1,000 bbls Oregon for New York. Best extra $5 67@6 for jobbing lots.

Wheat—Still quiet and $1 90@1 90 for fair to choice; sales of 2 800 sks choice, $1 87½@ 2,200 sks fair, $1 82½@1,500 sks, $1 82½.

Barley—Dull, coast at $1 20@1 26; Bay feed, $1 25a1 30.

Oats—From $2@2 60 for feed lots from wharves.

Hay—In tons volunteer oat, $19, 30 tons fair wheat at $20.

Potatoes—100 sks sweet, 75c@$1; other kinds, 75@1 10.

General Merchandise.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Plows—Moline, 10 to 14 inch cut, $10@17 50. Peoria, 10 to 14 inch cut, $11@16 50; Collins' H 12 and C 3, $19; Collin's Cast Cast-steel, $18 50@20. Grain Drills—Buckeye, 9 and 10-tine, $120@125, do with broad cast attachment, $5 extra. Cultivators—Two-horse, 9 tooth, $22. Buckeye broadcast Seeder and Cultivator, $1-0. Cider Mills—Buckeye, two hubs, Junior, $50@52 50; do, Senior, $60@65; Hutchinson's $22 50. Farm Wagons—$145@160. Harrow teeth, 12c ₩ lb.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Mens', J. K. & Co's B B B extra French calf, quilted or plain, 8s, 8 and 9 to 11 boots, $7 25@8, J. K. & Co. Milford Standard 8 s o d or peg, hare top boots, $60. Portland made French calf sewed or tap boots, $6@6 75. Portland made kip 8 s or t s boots, $5 @6. Grain Brills—Buckeye, 9 and 10-tine, $120@125, do with broad cast attachment, $5 extra. Cultivators—Two-horse, 9 tooth, $22. Buckeye broadcast Seeder and Cultivator, $1-0. Cider Mills—Buckeye, two hubs, Junior, $50@52 50; do, Senior, $60@65; Hutchinson's $22 50. Farm Wagons—$145@160. Harrow teeth, 12c ₩ lb.

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